

Module 13
OpenRoads Designer
Sheeting
2023



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REVISIONS NEEDED TO THIS DOCUMENT



Video 11-? ADD ANTICIPATED VIDEO LOCATIONS

HTTP LINK PLACEHOLDER



About this Practice Workbook...

- The Module 13 Sheeting. Zip file will be provided for download.
- Extract the zip file to the root C:\
- All files are then automatically extracted here:
 C:\NCDOT Training\Roadway\ Module 13 Sheeting
- With these subfolders:
 - Common
 Drainage
 Final Survey
 Roadway
 WorkSet
 Module 13 Sheeting.pdf

The Module 13 Sheeting PDF will also be located here.

- This PDF file includes bookmarks providing an overview of the document. Click on the bookmark to quickly jump to any section in the file. You may have to turn on the bookmark function in your PDF viewer, such as Adobe Reader.
- The dataset used throughout this module uses English units and US Survey Feet.
- Each module in this series is self-contained. You can jump to any section and begin the exercises.
- The WorkSpaceSetup CFG should be set to the following variables:
 - NCDOT_USE_LOCAL_WORKSETS = L2NCDOT_UNIT_TRAINING_WORKSETS = Roadway
- This training module uses the DOT-US North Carolina WorkSpace, R-2635C (Training)
 WorkSet and NCDOT_Roadway Role. It is very important that you select the correct
 WorkSpace, WorkSet and Role.



- The tool tips and help were copied from the Bentley Online Help. See this link for the complete list of tools and common usage.
 OpenRoads Designer CE Help (bentley.com)
- NCLUG/NCDOT Bentley ORD Open X presentations from each NCDOT Department:
 NCLUG 2022 TECH Talks
- This workbook was written with the release of OpenRoads Designer 10.10.XX.XX (2021)

OpenRoads Designer 2021 R2 update:

OpenRoads Designer Readme (bentley.com)

OpenRoads Designer 2021 Release 2 Introduction - YouTube

• This workbook has been updated for ORD 10.12.02.4.



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Overview

OpenRoads Designer (ORD) provides the tools to easily create plan, profile and x-section sheets in various formats such as plan only, plan and profile, or profile only sheets. MicroStation Named Boundaries are used to define the clipping areas for the plan, profile and X-section portions of the drawings and sheets.

The various design files required to assemble the sheets are attached as references to the a layout file. For Example, the alignment (ALGG) geometry and survey files are attached to the plan profile layout (PPL) as references. Sheets will be created by using the Named boundary tool and selecting the *Mode* (plan, profile or XS) and *Drawing Seed* of the sheet you wish to create. The software then creates "Drawing" and "Sheet" Models for each named boundary. Named boundaries will be created in the 2D plan view for plan sheets, 2D profile view for profile sheets and a 3D models view for X-sections. This is a new workflow that this module will help explain.

Note that this workbook refers to a "model" as a Microstation model space, such as a design model (black background), a drawing model (gray background) and a sheet model (white background). Further explanation of Microstation models is included in this workbook.

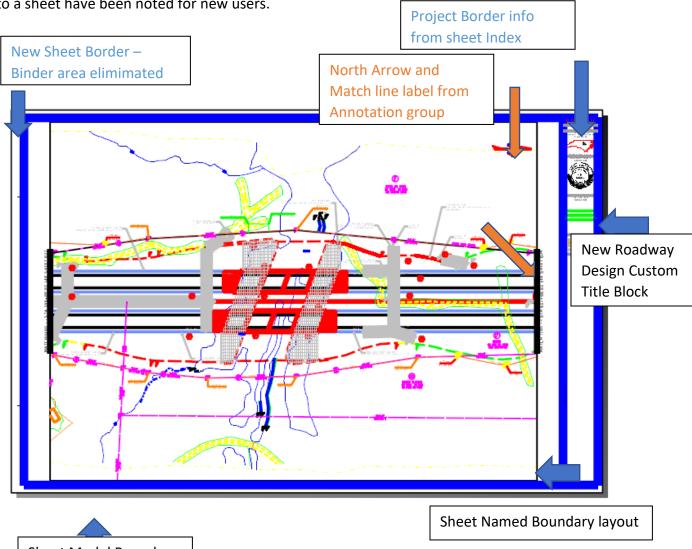
The rest of the plan sheets such as title, typical, details, and summaries are produced as in the past with design elements being drawn into the DGN files (design model) and a border referenced. Then they are referenced to a sheet model for **Sheet Indexing** (explained later in this workbook).

The sheet model is then used for plotting or PDF generation.



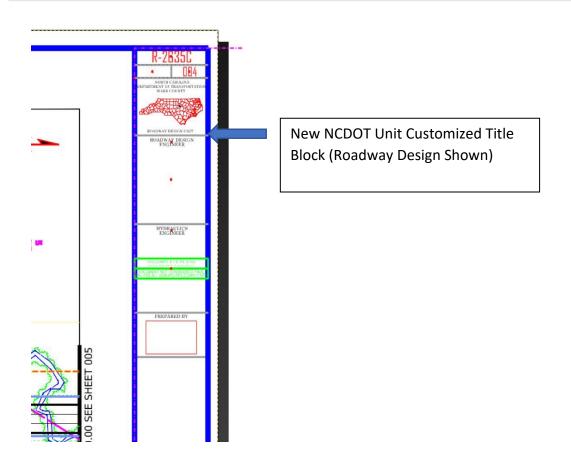
New Sheet Components overview for OpenRoads Designer

This is an Example of a Roadway sheet you will create in the module. A few new components to a sheet have been noted for new users.



Sheet Model Boundary







MicroStation Models and Types

In the past, the designer had **one 2D default design Model** inside of a design DGN file. The concept of **multiple Microstation Models** within a design file will be used often in ORD. There are three (3) basic Microstation Model Types, **Design** (black background), **Drawing** (gray background) and **Sheet** (white background). Design Models can be 2D or 3D. Drawing and Sheet Models are usually 2D.

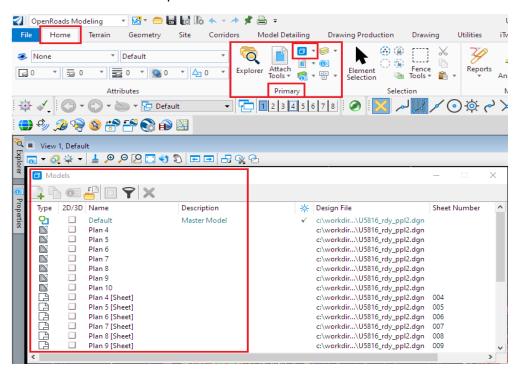
It is helpful to think of a Microstation Model as a design file within a design file or another analogy to think of is that a Microstation Model in a design file is like Worksheets in a Workbook in MS Excel. The Microstation Model is a container that the elements are stored in.

This term **MicroStation Model** should not be confused with the ORD **3D Design Model** of the proposed surfaces that the designer produces with the ORD software. It is likely that the designer will have an ORD **3D Design Model** of the proposed surfaces drawn into a **3D Microstation Model** inside of a **2D design DGN file**. That is one DGN file containing one or more Microstation Models. This concept will be further explored in the **Corridor Modeling Module** in NCDOT's ORD Training

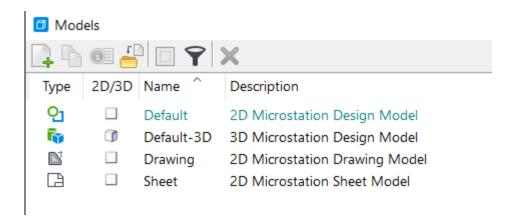
Looking under the Home Tab → Primary Tool Group → Models Tool in this file shows an example of multiple Models used in a DGN file to contain the design as well as plan sheets in one DGN file. This concept will be further explored in the Sheeting Module in NCDOT's ORD Training.



Multiple Microstation Models in a DGN File

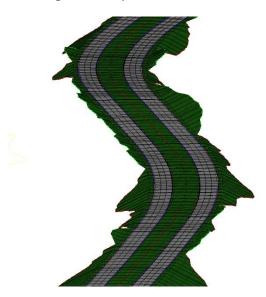


Microstation Model Types (Icons) in a DGN File





Below is an example of a **3D Design Model** produced with the ORD software.



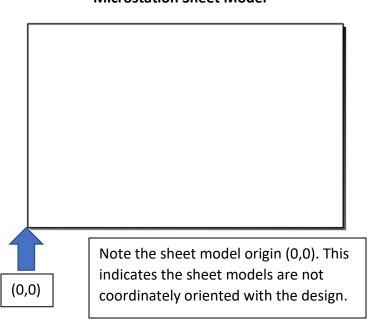
A new concept introduced in ORD is the use of different types of **Microstation Models** in a DGN file. ORD uses **Microstation Design, Drawing, and Sheet Models** to carry the project from design through plan sheet production. Each type of **Microstation Model** has a distinguishing background color for easy identification when the user is in it.

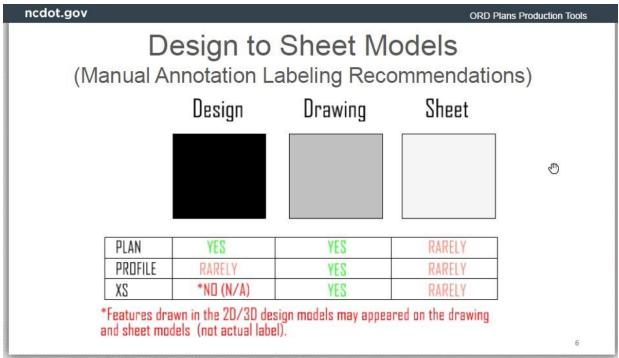
Note that the **Microstation 3D Design Model** is usually shown in *illustration* mode which also have a white background. The distinguishable difference between the **Microstation 3D Design Model** and the **2D Microstation Sheet Model** (both have white background) is the **Microstation 2D Sheet Model** is usually shown with sheet border (shadow) and it's at a 1:1 Annotation Scale.

Design	Drawing	Sheet

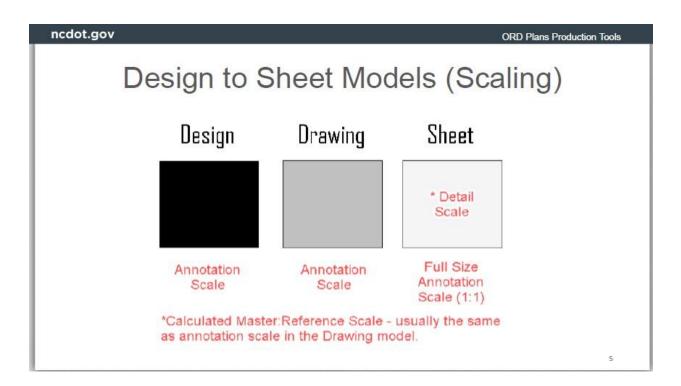


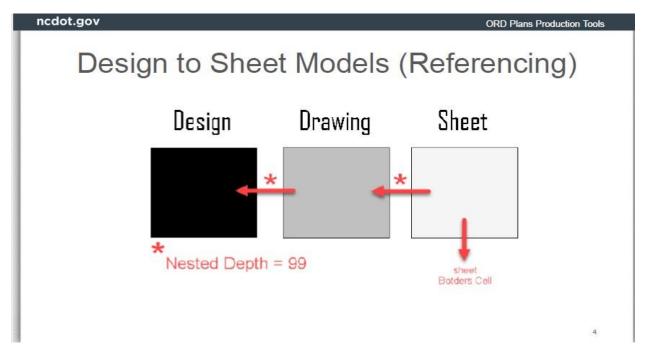
Microstation Sheet Model













General Sheeting Process Procedure

- 1. Create Custom Title Block Border (**TBB**) for the NCDOT Unit. Each NCDOT Unit and for each STIP Project, the TBB will be unique, e.g. PE seal blocks, company logo, right of way and construction revision notes, etc.
- 2. Create the Plan Profile Layout (**PPL**) file. Cross section will have the XS Port Layout (**XPL**) equivalent. The PPL and XPL contain the **Named Boundaries** (clip areas) and reference files that are shown in plan, profile and XS sheets.
- 3. Generate the **Drawings** and **Sheets** from the **Named Boundaries**. All Drawings should be placed in the Plan Drawings (**PLD**), Profile Drawings (**PRD**) and XS Drawings (**XSD**) DGN file. All Sheets should be placed in the Plan Sheets (**PLS**), Profile Sheets (**PRS**) and XS Sheets (**XSS**) DGN file. Rather than placing all the drawings and sheets in the active PPL file, it is recommended to place them in the listed files above to prevent file size getting too large causing extremely slow navigation.
- **4.** Edit the **WorkSet** (.dgnws) properties to place the STIP Number on the sheets and use **Sheet Indexing** to organize and re-number the project sheet sets.
- 5. Print, Print Organizer and PDF Creation

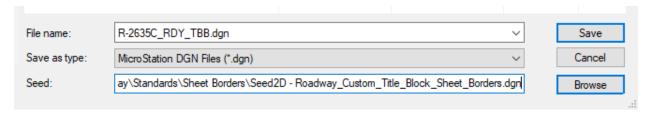


Exercise 1 – Create Title Block Border (TBB)

A custom Title Block Border (TBB) file should be created by each NCDOT Unit and for each STIP Project. Each TBB file will reside in each NCDOT Unit folder which may also include the PE seal cell and PEF's company logo where applicable. The following procedure is customized to Roadway Design.

A. Create a new file called **R-2635C_RDY_TBB.dgn** and place it in the following folder:

C:\NCDOT Training\Roadway\Module 13 - Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets



Note that there is a **TBB Seed File** to be used when creating this new **TBB** file in the WorkSpace which have predefined template borders.

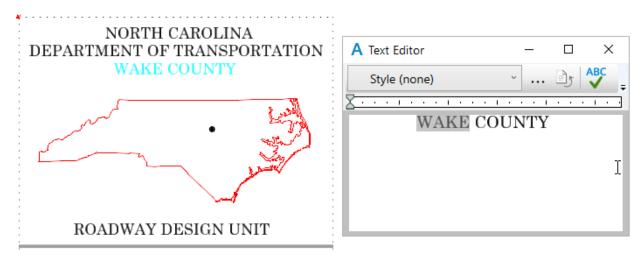
{WorkSpace}NCDOT_Roadway\Standards\Sheet Borders**Seed2D -** Roadway_Custom_Title_Block_Sheet_Borders.dgn

B. Open the **R-2635C_RDY_TBB.dgn** file and note the four different predefined template borders.





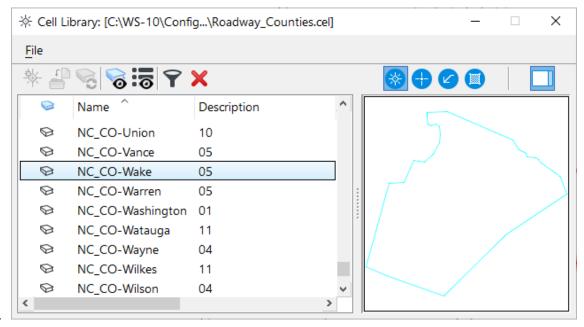
C. In the **RD_Title_Block_Basic** Microstation Design Model customize the project location information. Edit the county text to **WAKE** (default).



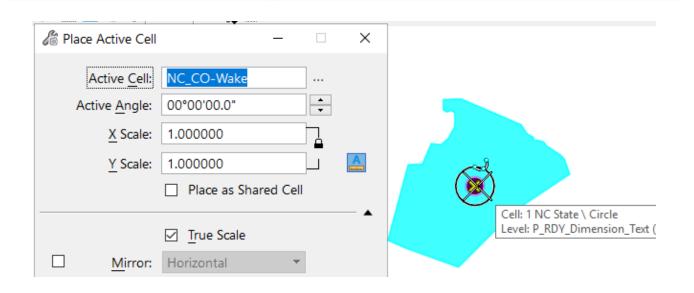
D. The **dot** in the middle of the State (downtown Raleigh) should be used as the anchor point to place the shape of the county or counties the project is located in.

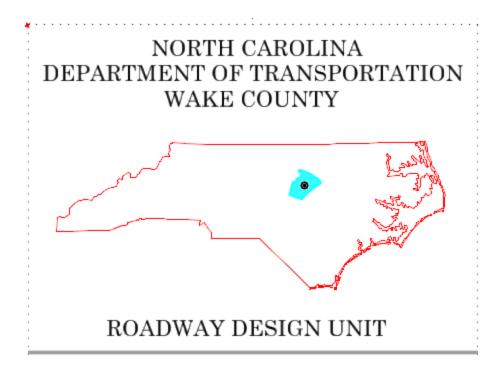
The cell library (.cel) with all the counties in North Carolina is stored in the WorkSpace:

{WorkSpace}NCDOT_Roadway\Standards\Cell\Roadway_Counties.cel



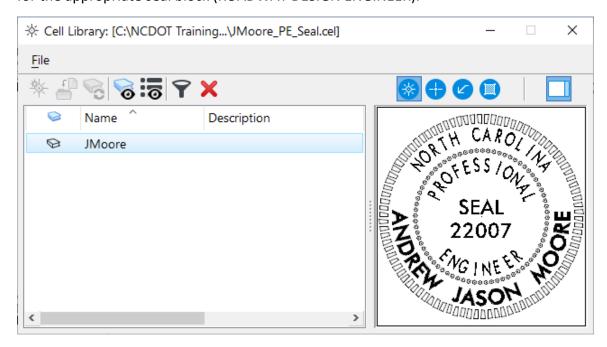


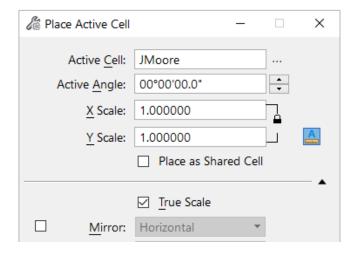


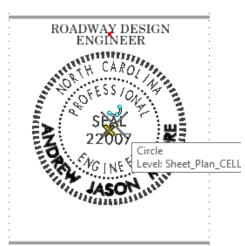




E. Place **PE seal** (when applicable). In the **Roadway\Sheet** folder there is a **cell library** (.cel) with an example PE seal cell. Place this cell in the center **red dot** as the cell anchor point for the appropriate seal block (ROADWAY DESIGN ENGINEER).

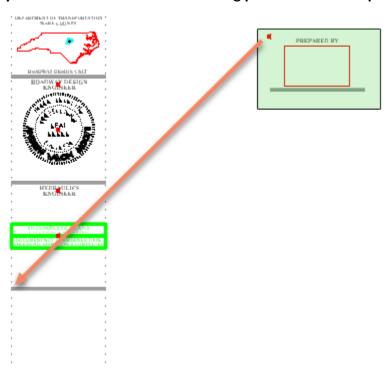






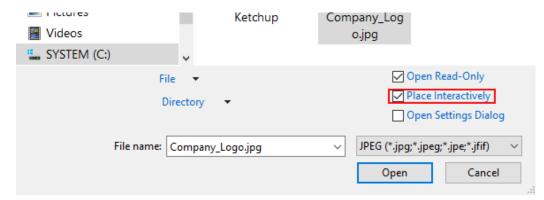


F. Place **company logo** (for PEFs when applicable). Place a fence around the layout of the **PREPARED BY** block **to the right of the title block** and using the **red dot** as the anchor point, **Copy** the fence content into the **starting point** of the **last separator line**.

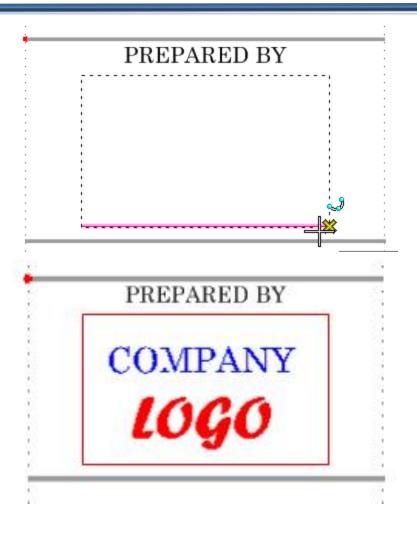


G. In the **Roadway\Sheet** folder there is a generic **image** (.jpg) of a company logo. Use **Raster Manager** to place this image Interactively using the corners of the red block.

Go to *Raster Manager* > *File* > *Attach* > *Raster* and select the **Company_Logo.jpg** file. Make sure **Place Interactively** is checked on.







Note for the other three (3) predefined borders, the county block is automatically referenced in from the first border as a **Saved View**. The other blocks, such as **PE seals** and **company logo** will have to repeat the procedure as the first border if needed.





At this point you are done with the TTB file creation. The next step is determining when and how the TBB is attached to the plan and profile sheets.

*** IMPORTANT ***

Methods to Attaching the TBB inside ProjectWise and outside ProjectWise

There are two (2) ways to attach the **TBB** to the plan and profile sheets; 1) **before** creating the sheets, attach (reference) the **TBB** to the **Drawing Seed** (.dgnlib) in the **WorkSpace** or 2) **after** creating the sheets, attach (reference) the **TBB** to the **Microstation Sheet Models**.

The determining factor will mostly be whether you are working inside ProjectWise (PW) or outside it. If you are working outside PW (non-managed WorkSpace), you allow to edit or attached the TTB file to the WorkSpace .dgnlib (Drawing Seed) file. If you are working inside PW (managed WorkSpace) you are not allowed to edit and attach the TBB to the WorkSpace .dgnlib (Drawing Seed) file.

Steps to Attach the TBB to the WorkSpace .dgnlib (Drawing Seed) File

A. All Drawing Seed Files (.dgnlib) are stored in the WorkSpace.

{WorkSpace}\Configuration\Organization-Civil\NCDOT\Dgnlib\Sheet Seeds

Open the **Drawing Seed DGNLIB** you are going to use (in this exercise it is **Plan Only 50 Scale.dgnlib**). Make sure the **DOT-US North Carolina WorkSpace**, **R-2635C (Training) WorkSet** and the **NCDOT_Roadway Role** are active when opening this file (Files (*.*)).

OpenRoads Designer CE

WorkSpace WorkSet Role
DOT-US North Carolina * R-2635C (Training) * NCDOT_Roadway *

Recent Files



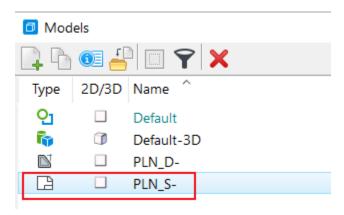
Plan Only 50 Scale.dgnlib

C:\WS-10\Configuration\Organization-Civil\NCDOT\Dgnlib\Sheet Seeds\

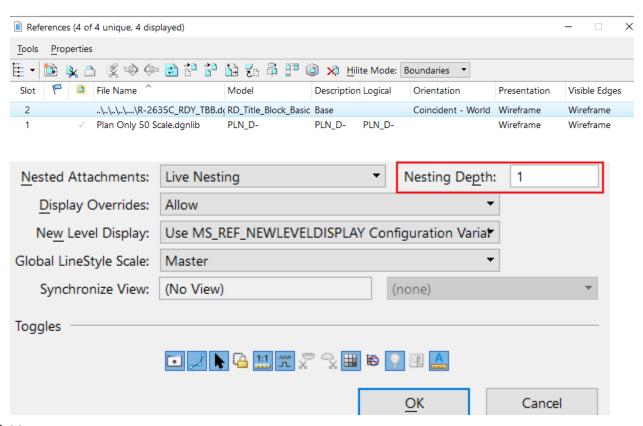
Modified: 3/31/2022 11:42:01 AM



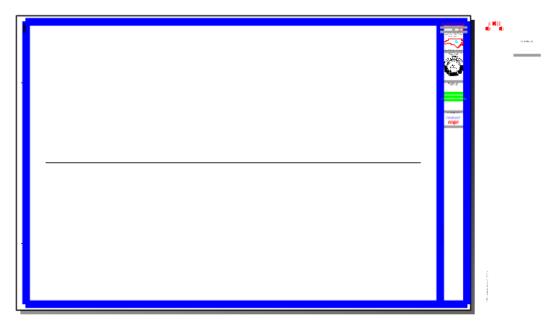
B. Open the Microstation Sheet Model PLN S-.



C. **Reference** the **TBB** file to this Microstation Sheet Model. Use **Coincident World** because the origin of the sheet model is (0,0). Remember to set the **Nested Depth = 1** to display the county block **Saved View** in the other three (3) predefined template borders.

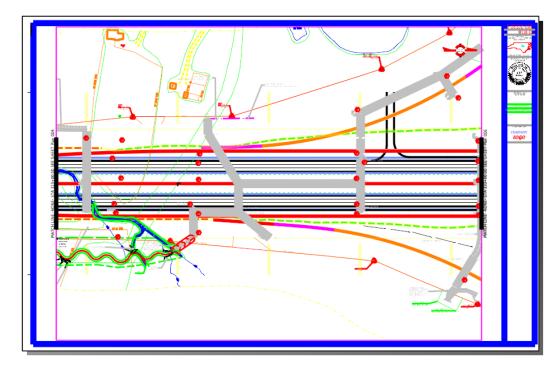






D. Go back to the **Default** (2D) Microstation Design Model, **Fit View**, **Save Settings** and **Exit** out of the file.

When the sheets are created (in the next exercises) using this **Drawing Seed**, the **TBB** is included as a reference file with the rest of the sheet border attached to the sheet.



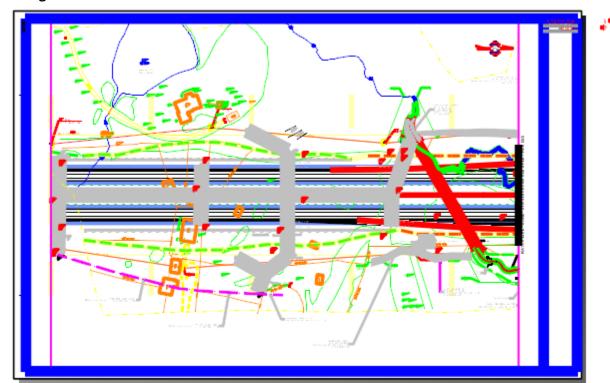
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Once the sheets have been created, the **TBB** can be detached from the WorkSpace .dgnlib (Drawing Seed) file. Remember this step is only applicable outside ProjectWise.

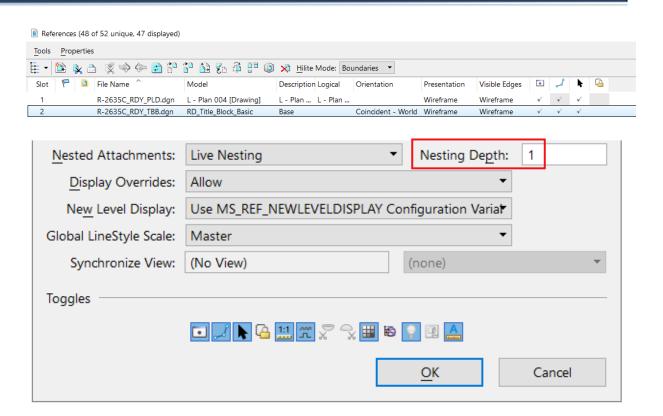
Steps to Attach the TBB to the Microstation Sheet Model File (Inside or Outside PW)

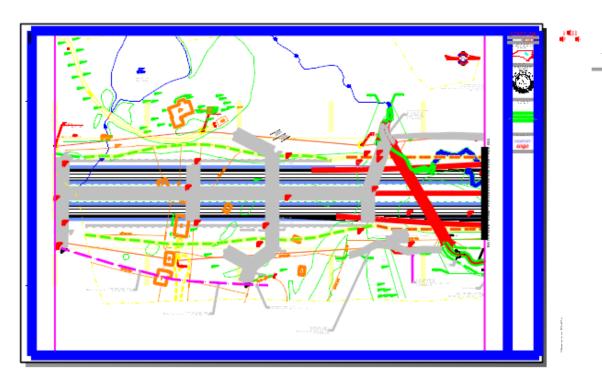
- A. After the sheets have been created, **Open** the Plan Sheet (**PLS**) file in the **Roadway\Sheets** folder.
- B. Navigate to the first Microstation Sheet Model.



C. **Reference** the **TBB** file to this Microstation Sheet Model. Use **Coincident World** because the origin of the sheet model is (0,0). Remember to set the **Nested Depth = 1** to display the county block **Saved View** in the other three (3) predefined template borders.





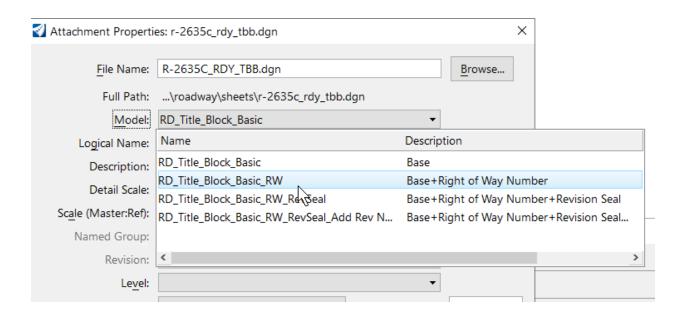


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Changing to a different predefined template border on a per sheet basis

When there is a construction revision or right of way revision to one or more sheets, while in the Microstation Sheet Model you may simply go to the **Reference** dialog box. After double-clicking on the **TTB** reference file, select the desire border under the **Model** drop-down list.





Exercise 2 – Plan Sheets

Preparing the Plan Profile Layout (PPL) file. The PPL file contains reference files shown on the plan sheets as well as *Named Boundaries*. Named Boundaries are simply clipped areas of each sheet. This PPL file will be provided in the training dataset. For a NEW Project, Follow the instructions in Module 1 for creating design files from the WorkSpace seed.

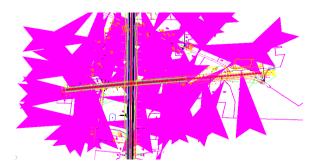
C:\NCDOT Training\Roadway\Module 13 - Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets\R-2635C_RDY_PPL.dgn

- A. Open the file: R-2635C_RDY_PPL.dgn using the DOT-US North Carolina WorkSpace, R-2635C (Training) WorkSet and NCDOT_Roadway Role.
- **B.** Reference the master *R-2635C_RDY_ALG.dgn* file (Interactive **Default** Model and **Nested Depth** =1) from the **Roadway\Alignment** folder and give it the logical name of "dsn" (so the pen table can print it solid black).
 - Note that the master ALG file reference other Alignment (ALG) DGN files. The **Nested Depth**=1 is necessary to include the other reference files associated with the master ALG.
- C. Reference the R-2635C_NCDOT_FS.dgn file from the Final Survey folder (Coincident World - Default model) from the Final Surveys folder and give it the logical name of "pln1" (so the pen table can print it dithered/gray scale).
- **D.** Reference the *R-2635C_NCDOT_FS.dgn* file (Interactive Existing Terrain Model) from the **Final Survey** folder and **make it Active**. This is necessary to show the existing ground profile on the profile sheets. The existing terrain boundaries are not to be printed so no logical names are required.

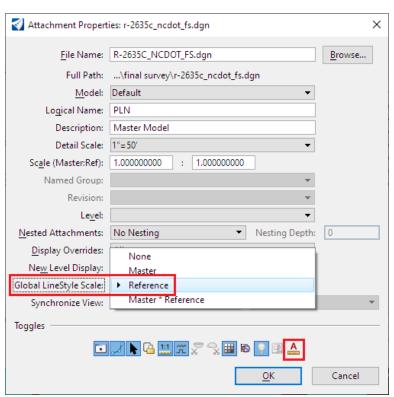
Note: selecting the existing terrain boundary and using the heads-up display to make it the *Active* terrain model creates a **Default-3D** Microstation Design Model and automatically referenced to the **Default** (2D) Microstation Design Model.



E. Older V8 DGN files may display large arrowheads when this file is referenced. Newer DGN files (included with this dataset) will not have this issue.



This is an issue with the custom line style scaling. If the problem exists, change the **Global LineStyle Scale** from *Master* to *Reference* and disable **Annotation Scale** ("A" icon at the bottom right corner of the reference dialog box).







- **F.** Reference the *R-2635C_HYD_DRN.dgn* file from the **Drainage** folder and give it the logical name of "drn1" (so the pen table can print it solid black).
- **G.** Reference the *R-2635C_RDY_ROW.dgn* file from the **Roadway\Design** folder and give it the logical name of "dsn1" (so the pen table can print it solid black).
- H. Reference the master R-2635C_RDY_CMD.dgn file (Interactive Default-3D Model and Nested Depth =1) from the Roadway\Design folder and give it the logical name of "dsn2" (so the pen table can print it solid black).

Note that when referencing the **Default-3D** Microstation Design Model, the **Default** (2D) Microstation Design Model is automatically referenced.

Also note that the master CMD file reference other corridor modeling (CMD) DGN files. The **Nested Depth**=1 is necessary to include the other reference files associated with the master CMD.

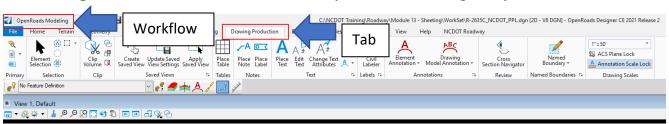
CMD files contain the slope stake linework generated from the corridor models as well as other traditional DSN elements, e.g. **EOTs, paved shoulder, curb and gutter and other 2D linework.**

I. Reference the R-2635C_RDY_DSN.dgn file from the Roadway\Design folder and give it the logical name of "dsn3" (so the pen table can print it solid black). DSN files may contain annotations.



Drawing Production Ribbon Tab

The *Drawing Production Tab* is found under the **OpenRoads Modeling** *Workflow*.



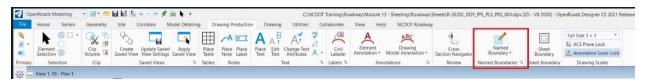
New tools: Civil Labeler/Civil Label Manager and Cross Section Navigator (more on these later in the training)



The *Drawing Production* Tab or Ribbon tab is broken into 12 tool groups and contains the tools that the roadway designer needs to automatically and manually create **Named Boundaries,** annotation to designs and drawings as well as create plan, profile, and cross section sheets.



Named Boundaries Tool Group



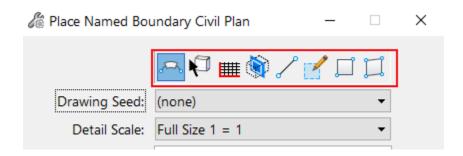
One of the tool groups of the *Drawing Production* Ribbon Tab is the *Named Boundaries* Tool Group. Choosing the tools in this group will place or adjust the named boundaries (clip area shapes) to create plan, profile, and cross section sheets. Note currently adjusting the named boundaries is only applicable to profiles.





Place Named Boundary Tool

Modes across the top of Place Named Boundaries tools:



Setting	Description
Place Named Boundary	
	Opens the Place Named Boundary tool to create place named boundaries.
Civil Plan	
	Place named boundary <u>civil plan</u> mode tool.
Civil Plan by Element	
	Place named boundary <u>civil plan by element</u> mode tool.
Civil Profile	
	Place named boundary <u>civil profile</u> mode tool.

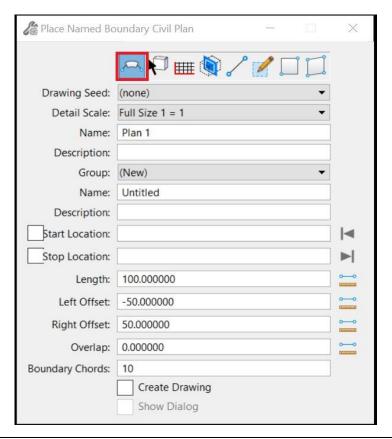
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Setting	Description
Civil Cross Section	
	Creates <u>civil cross section</u> sheets.
Civil Cross Section 2 Points	~
	Place named boundary <u>civil cross section 2 points</u> mode tool.



Place Named Boundary Civil Plan Mode



Drawing Seed	Specifies the drawing seed that sets default values. Also contains default values for the next dialog box "Create Drawing".
Detail Scale	Sets the scale at which the named boundary will be placed.
Name	Enter name of the named boundary. This is usually a sheet number association but not required.
	Note: MicroStation models cannot contain the following characters in the name or group: \\/:*?<> \"\t\n&=,'



Description	Enter brief description for the new group.
Group	Selects the named boundary group. You can also create a new group by selecting New from the drop-down. This automatically set when selecting the horizontal alignment. Note: MicroStation models cannot contain the following characters in the name or group: \V:*?<> \"\t\n&=,'
Name	Enter name of the new group.
Description	Enter brief description for the new group.
Start Location	Sets the begin station.
Stop Location	Sets the stop station.
Length	Sets the length, along the path element (horizontal alignment). It's usually 1400' stations per sheet at 1"=50' scale.
Left Offset	(Available only when By Length is selected) Sets the distance from left of the path. If you use the Measure Distance tool next to the field, the measured distance displays in the Left Offset field.
Right Offset	(Available only when By Length is selected) Sets the distance from right of the path. If you use the Measure Distance tool next to the field, the measured distance displays in the Right Offset field.
Overlap	(Available only when place an array of named boundaries along a path is selected) Sets the distance, along the path element, by which the named



	boundary element is to be extended. Positive values extend it and negative values shorten it. If you use the Measure Distance tool next to the field, the measured distance displays in the Overlap field.
Boundary Chords	(Available only when By Length is selected) Sets the number of chord of vertices along the top and bottom of the named boundary. More the chords, better is the stroking of the named boundary in a curve.
Create Drawing	Opens the Create Drawing dialog after creating the named boundary to create a saved view from the selected named boundary and automate dynamic views.
Show Dialog	When enabled, a dialog with additional parameters set by the Drawing Seed is shown.

Place Named Boundary Civil Plan by Element

This is not covered in this training but the link to Bentley help located below: Place Named Boundary Civil Plan by Element (bentley.com)

*** IMPORTANT ***

If your project has an interchange sheet or multiple interchange sheets, please go to **Exercise 3** – **Named Boundaries for Interchange Sheets** first. The procedure is different than normal sheets and you first must create the Interchange sheets, then the surrounding sheets afterward.



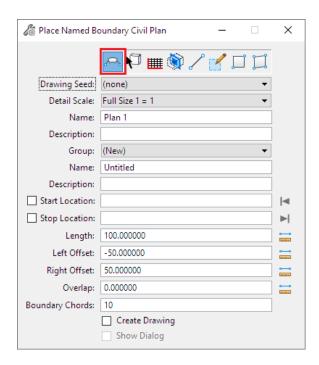
Place Civil Plan Named Boundary Workflow

- 1. Select *Civil Plan* mode.
- 2. Select the *Drawing Seed* to be used. This seed will contain the default scaling and named boundaries dimensions users can override.
- 3. Key in the name of the starting Named Boundary, e.g. "Plan 004".
- 4. Select the horizontal alignment as the baseline element for named boundary placement.
- 5. Key in (or graphically select on-screen) the **Start** and **Stop** Station values.
- 6. Modify other fields as needed.
- 7. Enable the *Create Drawing* toggle. This will display the next *Create Drawing* dialog box.
- 8. Data point in the DGN file to place boundaries, then another data point to Accept.
- 9. Select OK on the **Create Drawing** dialog is displayed.
- 10. The Create Drawing dialog box is where users can select the North Arrow NAD designation and in which DGN file the Microstation Drawing and Sheet Microstation Models are to be stored.
- A. Open the R-2635C_RDY_PPL.dgn file in the Roadway\Sheets folder.
- B. Under the *Drawing Production* Tab → *Named Boundary* tool group → **Named Boundary** dropdown, choose the **Place Named Boundary** tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.





C. Choose the **Civil Plan** tool to change the data fields in the dialog box to reflect the data needed for plan sheet layout.

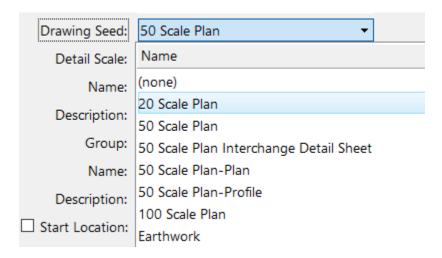


D. Uncheck the boxes for the **Start Location** and **Stop Location** if they are checked.



E. Select the **50 Scale Plan** *Drawing Seed*.

Note: The **Drawing Seed** defines default values and other parameters required to create sheets. The **Drawing Seeds** for *Civil Plan* mode are:



Note the **Detail Scale** automatically changes to 1'' = 50' and the **Length** and **Offset** of the sheet boundary and **Boundary Chords** change to accommodate the 1'' = 50' scale.

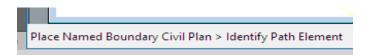
F. Set the first Name field to be **004** since NCDOT begins their plan sheets at sheet 4. The first Name field defines the **root name** of each of the named boundaries. Using the name **Plan 004** begins the incremental numbering with the first named boundary.

Name Specified in Dialog 004

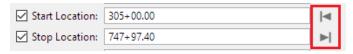
First Named Boundary 004 Second Named Boundary 005 Third Named Boundary 006



- G. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- H. Set the *Group* to **New** to create a new named boundary group. Once named boundaries have been created for alignments, the names of the boundary groups appear here to be chosen later if necessary.
- I. Set the second *Name* field to be **L** to coincide with the alignment name. This second name is the name of the **Group** of named boundaries used along the **L** alignment. This field may also be automatically set when a horizontal alignment is selected.
- J. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- K. Note the prompt in the lower left corner asking to **Identify Path Element**. The user will graphically select the mainline **L alignment** on screen.



L. Select the left arrow and right arrows to lock the **Start** and **Stop** Locations to the beginning and end of the L alignment (This works for placing sheets for the entire alignment). You may also key-in the desired stop and stop stations in these fields. For this training select the start station by checking box or selecting start station in the plan view and for the stop location select 10 sheets or so to save time.



- M. Check the **Create Drawing** box to create the Drawing Microstation Models for the purpose of annotations.
- N. Check the **Show Dialog** box to open the Create Drawing Dialog Box where the user can select the North Arrow NAD designation as well as define in which files the drawing and sheet models are to be created in.



O. Follow the prompt and **Data Point** in the **2D View** to accept placement of the boundaries as shown.

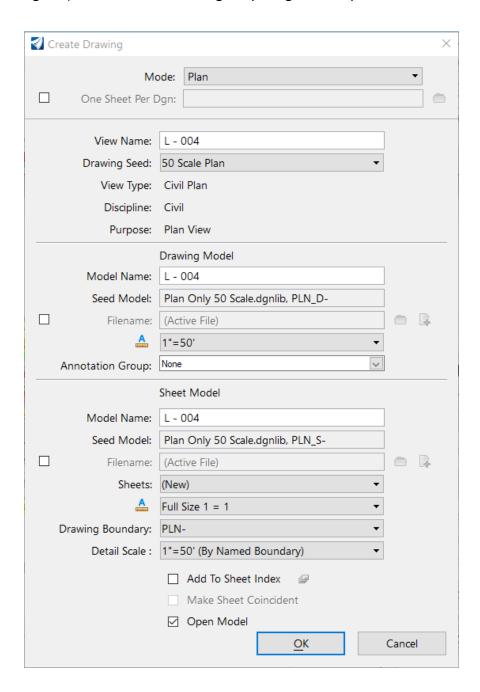


Once the Named boundaries have been created the **Create Drawing** dialog box will appear next.



Create Drawing (Plan)

Most of the settings have been filled in by default from the selected **Drawing Seed** (previous dialog box). Here are some settings requiring user's input:





Each Item in the $\mbox{\bf CREATE DIALOG}$ box Description.

Setting	Description
Mode	Plan
Name	Shows the name of the saved view that will be created.
One sheet per Dgn	If on, each sheet model, and all drawing models attached to the sheet model, are created in an individual .dgn file in the selected folder. The name of each .dgn file created will match the name of the created saved view.
Drawing Seed	Defines the drawing seed template from which the detailing symbol style will be used for the callout.
View Type	Displays the saved view type. The saved view type displayed depends on the saved view settings in the seed file selected in the Drawing Seed drop-down list.
Discipline	Displays the discipline of the drawing. It can be modified from the saved view properties in the Properties dialog.
Purpose	Displays the purpose of the saved view. It can be modified from the saved view properties in the Properties dialog.
Seed Model	Displays the seed model from which the drawing model will be created. This seed model is derived from the template selected in the Drawing Seed dropdown list.
Filename	If on, you can select the file in which the drawing model will be created. By default, the drawing model is created in the active file. You can create a new file that will contain the new drawing model by clicking Create New Drawing



Setting	Description
	File icon. You can also create the drawing model in an existing file by clicking Browse Drawing File Browse Drawing File icon.
	Note: If you select an existing file to create the drawing model, make sure the file belongs to the same WorkSet, else the OK button in the dialog will be dimmed.
Annotation Scale	Sets the scale factor for text and dimensioning in the drawing model. The annotation scale of the drawing model is used as the detail scale when it is attached to a sheet.
	Note: Only the scales that match the master units of the seed file are populated in this drop-down list.
Annotation Group	Selects the drawing annotation group that defines how drawing models are annotated. The drawing annotation group defines grids, XY coordinate labels, north arrows, frame annotation, etc. that are created in the drawing model and are to be shown on the final sheet. Annotation groups are found in the OpenRoads Standards under Annotation Groups.
Seed Model	If on, you can select the seed model from which the sheet model will be created. This seed model is derived from the template selected in the Drawing Seed drop-down list, except for the case when you place a named boundary using a drawing boundary with the Create Drawing check box turned on. In this case, the sheet-seed model is the one that contains the drawing boundary. This is to make sure that the drawing fits exactly in the selected drawing boundary.
Filename	If on, you can select the file in which the sheet model will be created. By default, the sheet model is created in the active file. You can create a new file that will contain the new sheet model by clicking Create New Sheet File



Setting	Description
	icon. You can also create the sheet model in an existing file by clicking Browse Sheet File icon.
	Note: If you select an existing file to create the sheet model, make sure the file belongs to the same WorkSet, or else the OK button in the dialog will be dimmed.
Sheets	Sets the sheet model in which you want to place the drawing. You can also select New to create a new sheet model.
Annotation Scale	Sets the scale factor for text and dimensioning in the sheet model.
Scarc	Note: Only the scales that match the master units of the seed file are populated in this drop-down list.
Drawing Boundary	Sets the drawing boundary in the sheet model where the drawing will be placed. This option lists the following:
	 New - Creates a new drawing boundary. List of empty drawing boundaries (drawing boundaries that do not have a saved view attached) of same View Type contained in the sheet model selected in the Sheets drop-down list. If Sheets is set to New, lists the empty drawing boundaries of same view type available in the sheet-seed model. In this case, a new sheet model is created and the selected drawing boundary is filled with the saved view. If multiple saved views are to be placed, then for each saved view a new sheet model is created and the saved view is placed with new drawing boundary. If Sheets is set to an existing sheet model, then the first saved view is placed in that sheet model, in the selected drawing boundary. For the remaining saved views, a new sheet model cloned from sheet seed model is created for each saved view



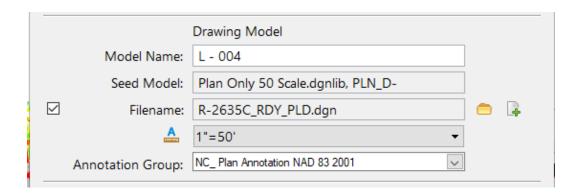
Setting	Description
	 and the saved view is placed in the selected drawing boundary in each sheet model. Optimize For - This option is available when you want to place multiple views and if the sheet model in which you want to place the saved views contains more than one drawing boundary of the same View Type. Following examples explain the use of this option in different scenarios Say you want to place an array of four named boundaries of view type "Section" and the sheet model selected in the Sheets drop-down list contains five empty drawing boundaries of type "Section". In this case, if you select Optimize For, the name boundaries will be placed on the first four drawing boundaries, in the sequence of their drawing identifiers. This option is also available if you choose to create a new sheet model and if the sheet-seed model contains more than one drawing boundary of the same view type. Say you have six saved views to be placed and the selected sheet-seed model has only two empty drawing boundaries. If you select Optimize For, two saved views will be placed in the selected sheet model. For the remaining four saved views, two new sheet models will be created by cloning the sheet-seed model and two saved views will be placed in each of the sheet models.
Detail Scale	Sets the detail scale of the drawing attachment in the sheet model. In addition to standard scales, MicroStation calculates following recommended scales and displays them in this drop-down list:
	By Named Boundary - (Available only when you create dynamic view from a named boundary) The detail scale stored on the named boundary.



Setting	Description
	 Fit View to Drawing Boundary - The closest standard scale at which the saved view attachment will fit into the selected drawing boundary. Fit View to Sheet Boundary - The closest standard scale at which the saved view attachment will fit into the sheet boundary. Custom - allows you to define a custom scale. Note: Only the scales that match the master units of the seed file are populated in this drop-down list.
Add to Sheet Index	Adds the sheet model to the sheet index. Note: If some other user already has the sheet index in edit mode, the sheet model cannot be added to the sheet index. In such case, a message is displayed in the message center.
Select a folder from Sheet Index	Opens the Sheet Index Folder Picker from which you can select the folder in which the sheet model should be added.
Make Sheet Coincident	(Available only if the sheet model does not contain a drawing boundary) If on, the reference in the sheet model is made coincident with the design model. For this, if required, the sheet boundary is moved and rotated to fit around the reference. If off, the reference is moved and rotated so that it is attached at the center of sheet boundary.
Open Model	If this check box is on, the last sheet model that was created opens.



- A. The check box for **One Sheet per DGN** if checked a DGN file will be created for each sheet. The NCDOT standard is leave this unchecked.
- B. **Drawing Model** Options (where and how to annotate north arrows and match lines the drawings):



Filename (check to enable):

C:\NCDOT Training\Roadway\Module 13 - Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets\R-2635C_RDY_PLD.dgn (Plan Drawings)

Note the two (2) icons to the right of this field . The first folder icon is **Browse Drawing File** and the second icon with the "+" symbol is **Create New Drawing File**. Browse Drawing File will add drawings to the existing drawings already in the file. Create New Drawing File will create a new file to place the drawings in. If selecting Create New Drawing File and selecting an existing file, it will **DELETE** any the existing drawings in the file and make a fresh blank copy.

If **Create New Drawing File** is selected, a seed file from the WorkSpace can be used.

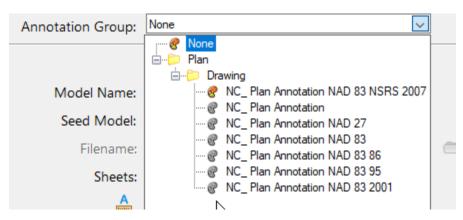
 $\label{lem:configuration} $$\operatorname{Seed2D - English Design.dgn}.$



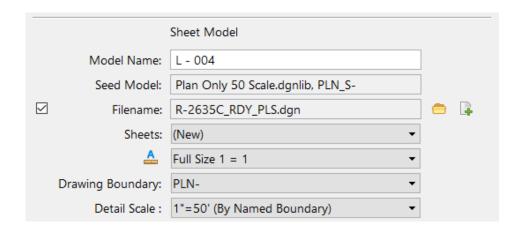
It is not necessary to choose a specific drawing seed since the software will place the Microstation Drawing Models in this file. The master Default Model (from the seed) is a Microstation Design Model.

In this exercise this is our first set of plan drawings, we can select **Create New Drawing File** and select the existing **PLD** file (blank) to put the drawings in. As you generate more drawings, you may select **Browse Drawing File** to add to it.

Annotation Group (North Arrow NAD and Match Lines):



C. Sheet Model Options (attaching the drawing to the sheet and scale it down to Full Size 1 = 1):





Filename (check to enable):

C:\NCDOT Training\Roadway\Module 13 - Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets\R-2635C RDY PLS.dgn (Plan Sheets)

Note the two (2) icons to the right of this field . The first folder icon is **Browse Sheet File** and the second icon with the "+" symbol is **Create New Sheet File** will add sheets to the existing sheets already in the file. *Create New Sheet File* will create a new file to place the sheets in. If selecting *Create New Sheet File* and selecting an existing file, it will **DELETE** any the existing sheets in the file and make a fresh blank copy.

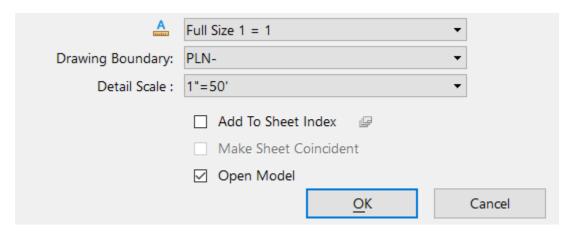
If **Create New Sheet File** is selected, a seed file from the WorkSpace can be used.

 $\label{lem:configuration} $$\operatorname{Seed2D - English Design.dgn}.$

It is not necessary to choose a specific sheet seed file since the software will place the Microstation Sheet Models in this file. The master Default Model (from the seed) is a Microstation Design Model.

In this exercise this is our first set of plan sheets, we can select **Create New Sheet File** and select the existing **PLS** file (blank) to put the sheets in. As you generate more sheets, you may select **Browse Sheet File** to add to it.

Note the **Annotation Scale** is always set to **Full Size 1 = 1** for all sheets.

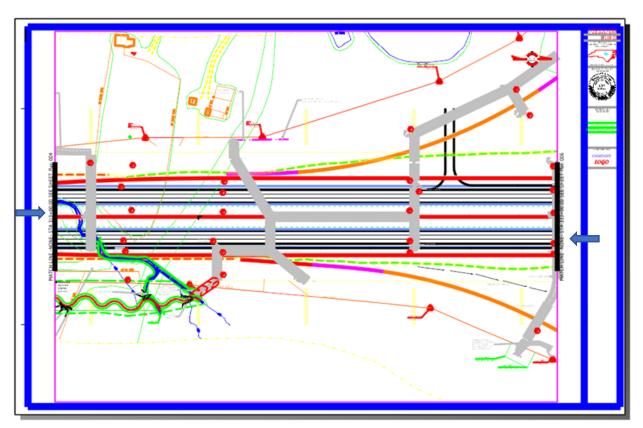




Add To Sheet Index should remain *uncheck* at this point. We will go over **Sheet Indexing** later in this training.

Open Model should be *checked* on to display the last sheet when it has completed the process.

Now that we have created the Sheets let's look at where all the named boundaries are stored



NOTE: the match line text is not filling in the alignment name -L- currently. Manually edit this text.

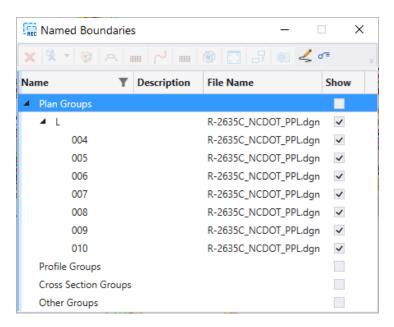


Named Boundary Manager

The **Named Boundary Manager** is where are the named boundaries placed in the PPL file and their groups are stored in. You may open the Named Boundary Manager and create drawings and sheets anytime after the Named boundaries have been placed in the PPL file.

A. Go back to the *R-2635C_RDY_PPL.dgn* file and Select the **Named Boundary Manager**. It's the small square in the lower right corner.





- Expand the **Plan Group** L and pick the named boundary **004**. Notice the icons that were greyed out now become active.
- This is where you can delete your Named Boundaries if you need to re-create them.



- Other options are shown below for Icons along the top, but you can also right click on the named boundary **004** to get same options.
- Another note is that the **Named boundaries** when selected has grips for editing. This helps when trying to show something just off the clipped area on top or bottom of the sheet.

Setting	Description
Delete	×
	Deletes the selected named boundary or named boundary group. Also, if the named boundary is deleted, it's associated saved view is also deleted.
Apply	 Enabled when you select an named boundary. Selecting the down arrow next to the Apply icon gives following options: As Clip Volume - Applies the selected named boundary as a clip volume. As Fence - Applies the selected named boundary as a fence. As Clip Mask - Applies the selected named boundary as a clip mask.
Create Drawing	Opens the Create Drawing dialog in which you can create saved view from
Create Plan Drawing	the selected named boundary and automate dynamic views. Enabled when you select a plan named boundary or plan named boundary group.

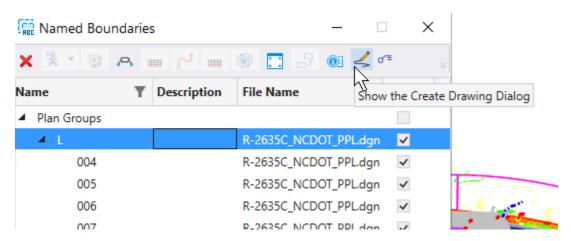


Setting	Description
Create Profile Drawing	Enabled when you select a profile named boundary or profile named boundary group.
Create Cross Section Drawing	Enabled when you select a cross section named boundary or cross section named boundary group.
Fit to Named Boundary	Adjusts the magnification such that the selected named boundary is fit in the view.
Copy Named Boundary	Enabled when you select a plan named boundary. Starts the Copy Named Boundary tool to create a copy of the selected named boundary. You can change the default name of the named boundary in the Name field of the Copy Named Boundary tool settings window.
Properties	Opens the Properties dialog and displays the properties of the selected named boundary or named boundary group. For detailed information refer to Properties Dialog in MicroStation help.
Show Create Drawing dialog	Opens the Create Drawing dialog in which you can create saved view from the selected named boundary and automate dynamic views.
Annotate Plan Drawing Models	Adds annotation to selected element.

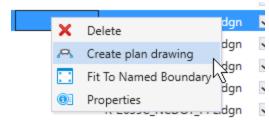


Setting	Description
Named Boundaries list box	 The named boundaries list box displays the following columns: Name - Name of the named boundary or named boundary group. Description - Description of the named boundary or named boundary group. File Name - Sets the name of the named boundary or named boundary group you want to create.
	Show - Check box to turn on or off the display of the named boundary or named boundary

A. To create the drawings and sheets, at any point after the Named Boundaries are stored in the Named Boundary Manager, simply enable Show the **Create Drawing Dialog** (highlighted in light blue when enabled) and right mouse click on either the **Named Boundary Group** (to create drawing and sheets for the entire group) or just the **individual Named Boundary or Boundaries** you wish to create.



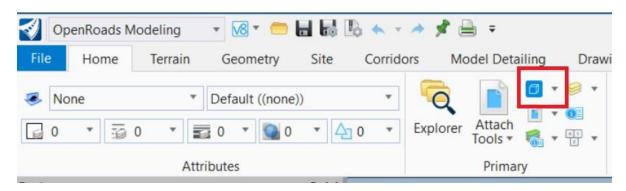
B. Select **Create plan drawing**. This will take you to the **Create Drawing** dialog box in the previous exercise.



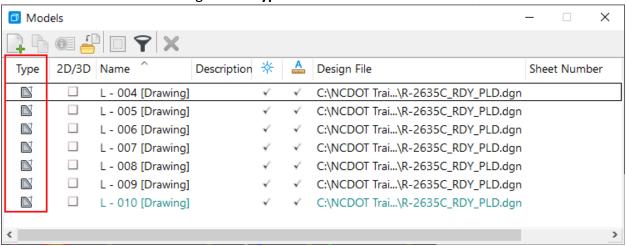


Reviewing the Drawings

- A. Go back to the *R-2635C_RDY_PLD.dgn* file in the **Roadway\Sheets** folder.
- B. Click on the Models tool button.



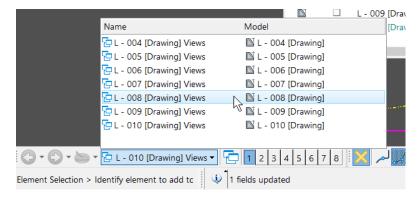
C. Note the Microstation Drawing Model **Type** in this file.



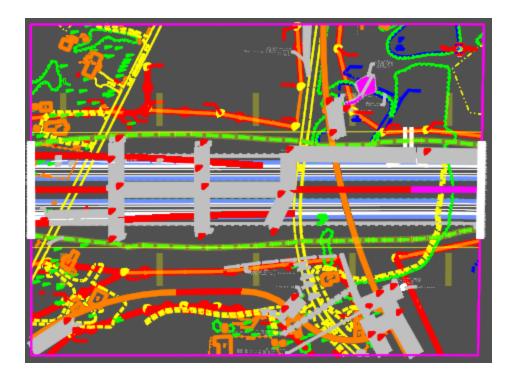
D. double click on any of these Microstation Drawing Models to take you to to that plan drawing. You can also right click on these to get more options.



E. You can also access the Microstation Drawing Models from the **View Group** pull down at the bottom left corner of the screen.



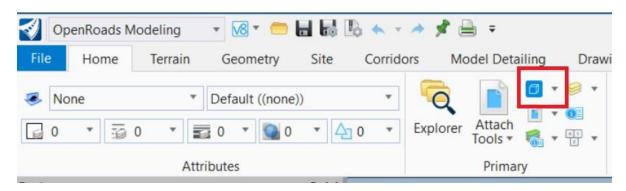
Note in each Microstation Drawing Model, the addition of the **North Arrows** in the upper right corner and **Match Lines** (and Match Line Text) as part of the annotation group selected earlier. The north arrow cell can be moved and reposition anywhere in the drawing.



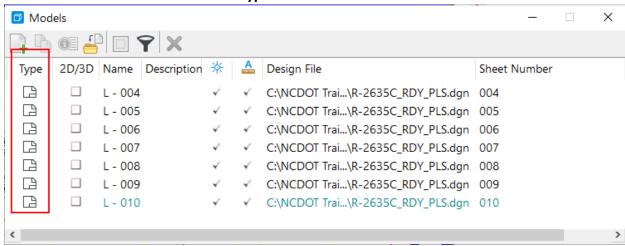


Reviewing the Sheets

- A. Go back to the *R-2635C_RDY_PLS.dgn* file in the Roadway\Sheets folder.
- B. Click on the Models tool button.



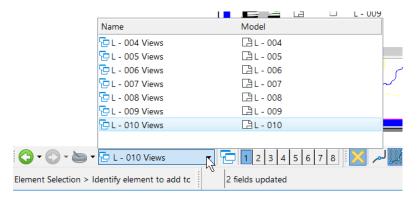
C. Note the Microstation Sheet Model Type in this file.



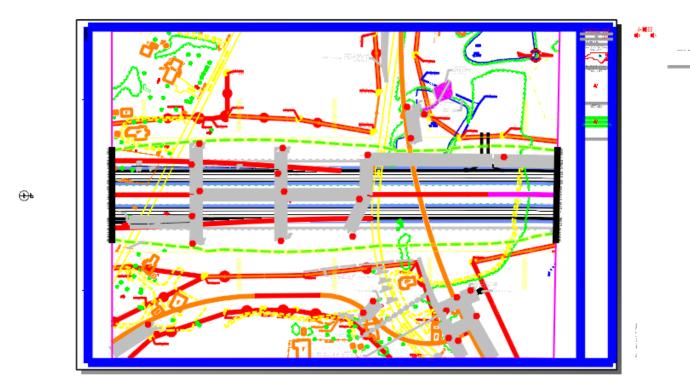
D. double click on any of these Microstation Sheet Models to take you to that plan sheet. You can also right click on these to get more options.



E. You can also access the Microstation Sheet Models from the **View Group** pull down at the bottom left corner of the screen.



Note in each Microstation Sheet Model, the drawings and the NCDOT Unit **TBB** file are referenced in. Additionally, the **Project STIP Number** and **sheet number** fields are also filled in.



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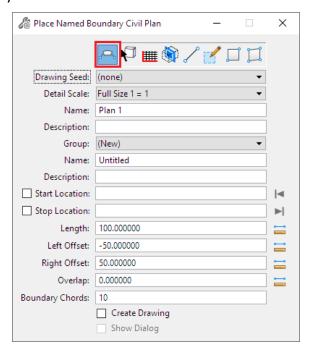
Exercise 3 - Interchange Sheets - Part I

This exercise focuses on creating the Named Boundaries for the interchange sheets first. Then create the surrounding Named Boundaries. Careful upfront planning should be exercised.

- A. Open the R-2635C_RDY_PPL_INTERCHANGE.dgn file in the Roadway\Sheets folder.
- B. Under the *Drawing Production* Tab → *Named Boundary* tool group → **Named Boundary** dropdown, choose the **Place Named Boundary** tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.



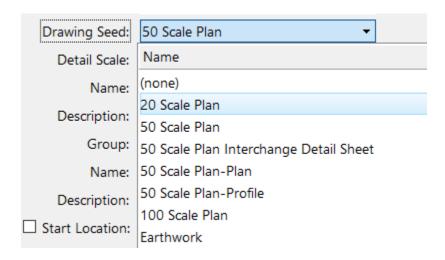
C. Choose the Civil Plan tool to change the data fields in the dialog box to reflect the data needed for plan sheet layout.





- D. Uncheck the boxes for the **Start Location** and **Stop Location** if they are checked.
- E. Select the **100 Scale Plan** *Drawing Seed*.

Note: The **Drawing Seed** defines default values and other parameters required to create sheets. For an interchange layout, you may place it on a **100 Scale 22"X34"** (ANSI D) paper or on a **50 Scale Interchange Detail Sheet 34"x62"** paper. The **Drawing Seeds** for *Civil Plan* mode are:



Note the **Detail Scale** automatically changes to 1'' = 100' and the **Length** and **Offset** of the sheet boundary and **Boundary Chords** change to accommodate the 1'' = 100' scale.

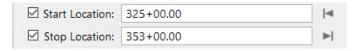
- F. Set the first **Name** field to be **006** since we have estimated sheet 4 and sheet 5 will come before our first interchange sheet.
- G. Key-in 100 Scale Interchange Sheet as the Description.
- H. Set the *Group* to **New** to create a new named boundary group. Once named boundaries have been created for alignments, the names of the boundary groups appear here to be chosen later if necessary.



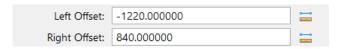
- I. Set the second *Name* field to be **L** to coincide with the alignment name. This second name is the name of the **Group** of named boundaries used along the **L** alignment. This field may also be automatically set when a horizontal alignment is selected.
- J. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- K. Note the prompt in the lower left corner asking to **Identify Path Element**. The user will graphically select the mainline **L alignment** on screen.



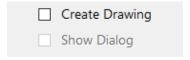
L. Key-in the Start (325+00) and Stop (353+00) stations on mainline chain -L- of the interchange sheet. This is usually 2800' stations in lengths for a typical interchange (twice the 1400' length of a regular 50 Scale sheet). Hitting Enter after the station key-in will lock the value indicated by the check mark on the left.



M. By default, it will split the left and right offsets at an even **1030'** on each side (100 Scale). In this layout we want to encompass more on top of the sheet so the left offset should be key-in as **-1220** and right offset should be adjusted to **840**.

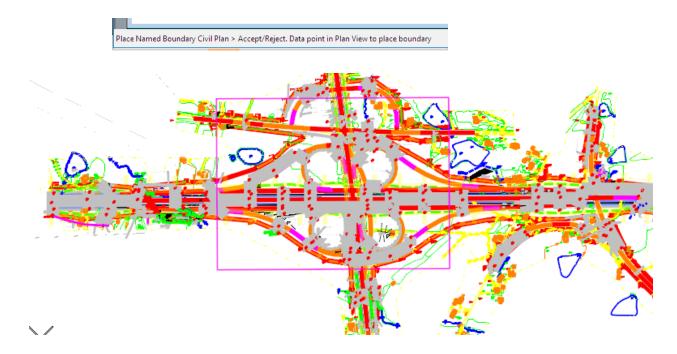


N. **Uncheck Create Drawing** and **Show Dialog** because we want to store just the named boundaries for now.





O. Follow the prompt and **Data Point** in the **2D View** to accept placement of the boundaries as shown. **Data Point** three (3) times to complete the placement and dialog box should disappear.

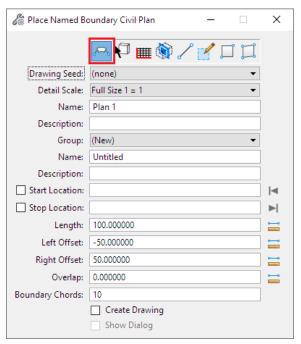


- Q. Locate the next interchange on **sheet 15** near the middle of the project.
- R. Under the *Drawing Production* Tab → *Named Boundary* tool group → **Named Boundary** dropdown, choose the **Place Named Boundary** tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.



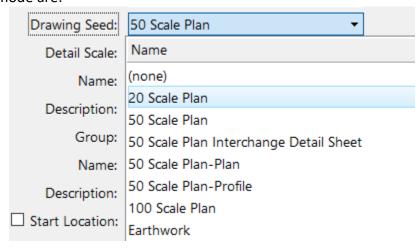


S. Choose the **Civil Plan** tool to change the data fields in the dialog box to reflect the data needed for plan sheet layout.



- T. Uncheck the boxes for the **Start Location** and **Stop Location** if they are checked.
- U. Select the 100 Scale Plan Drawing Seed.

Note: The **Drawing Seed** defines default values and other parameters required to create sheets. For an interchange layout, you may place it on a **100 Scale 22"X34"** (ANSI D) paper or on a **50 Scale Interchange Detail Sheet 34"x62"** paper. The **Drawing Seeds** for *Civil Plan* mode are:



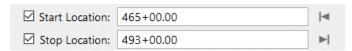


Note the **Detail Scale** automatically changes to 1'' = 100' and the **Length** and **Offset** of the sheet boundary and **Boundary Chords** change to accommodate the 1'' = 100' scale.

- V. Set the first Name field to be **015** since we have estimated sheet 7 thru 14 will come before this interchange sheet.
- W. Key-in **100 Scale Interchange Sheet** as the **Description**.
- X. Set the *Group* to **L** to add to the **006** named boundary created in this group.
- Y. Set the second *Name* field to be **L** to coincide with the alignment name. This second name is the name of the **Group** of named boundaries used along the **L** alignment. This field may also be automatically set when a horizontal alignment is selected.
- Z. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- AA. Note the prompt in the lower left corner asking to **Identify Path Element**. The user will graphically select the mainline **L alignment** on screen.



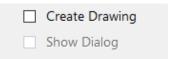
BB. Key-in the **Start (465+00)** and **Stop (493+00)** stations on mainline chain **-L-** of the interchange sheet. This is usually **2800'** stations in lengths for a typical interchange (twice the 1400' length of a regular 50 Scale sheet). Hitting **Enter** after the station key-in will lock the value indicated by the check mark on the left.



CC. By default, it will split the left and right offsets at an even **1030'** on each side (100 Scale). These values may need to be re-enter if it holds the same values from the previous steps.



DD. **Uncheck Create Drawing** and **Show Dialog** because we want to store just the named boundaries for now.



EE. Follow the prompt and **Data Point** in the **2D View** to accept placement of the boundaries as shown. **Data Point** three (3) times to complete the placement and dialog box should disappear.



For the purpose of this exercise, we are done with the two (2) interchange sheets. The next exercise will be creaating the surrounding sheets.



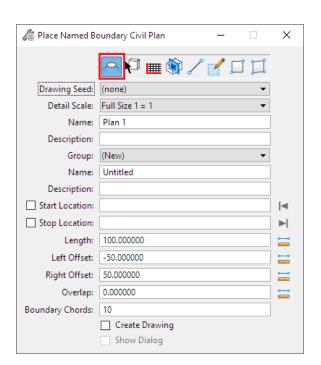
Exercise 4 – Interchange Sheets – Part II

This exercise focuses on creating the Named Boundaries surrounding the interchange sheets after they have been created. Careful upfront planning should be exercised.

- A. Open the R-2635C_RDY_PPL_INTERCHANGE.dgn file in the Roadway\Sheets folder.
- B. Under the *Drawing Production* Tab → *Named Boundary* tool group → **Named Boundary** dropdown, choose the **Place Named Boundary** tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.



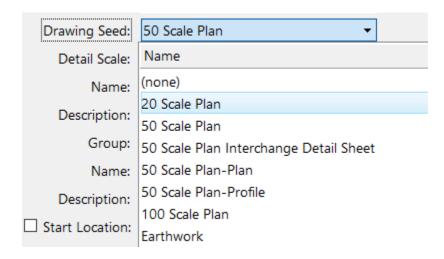
C. Choose the Civil Plan tool to change the data





- D. Uncheck the boxes for the **Start Location** and **Stop Location** if they are checked.
- E. Select the **50 Scale Plan** *Drawing Seed*.

Note: The **Drawing Seed** defines default values and other parameters required to create sheets. The **Drawing Seeds** for *Civil Plan* mode are:



Note the **Detail Scale** automatically changes to 1'' = 50' and the **Length** and **Offset** of the sheet boundary and **Boundary Chords** change to accommodate the 1'' = 50' scale.

F. Set the first Name field to be **004** since NCDOT begins their plan sheets at sheet 4. The first Name field defines the **root name** of each of the named boundaries. Using the name **Plan 004** begins the incremental numbering with the first named boundary.

Name Specified in Dialog 004

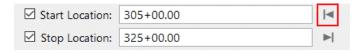
First Named Boundary 004
Second Named Boundary 005
Third Named Boundary 006



- G. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- H. Set the Group to L to add to the 006 and 015 named boundaries created in this group.
- I. Set the second *Name* field to be **L** to coincide with the alignment name. This second name is the name of the **Group** of named boundaries used along the **L** alignment. This field may also be automatically set when a horizontal alignment is selected.
- J. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- K. Note the prompt in the lower left corner asking to **Identify Path Element**. The user will graphically select the mainline **L alignment** on screen.



L. Select the **left arrow** to lock it to the beginning of the horizontal alignment. We know the sheet **006** (interchange) begins on station **325+00** so this will be **Stop Location** for sheet **005**. Key-in **325+00** for the **Stop Location** and hit **Enter** to lock it.



M. The two sheets (004 and 005) can accommodate up to 2800' stations in length. Therefore, we can adjust the beginning of sheet 004 to have more room by keying-in 297+00 (305+00 – 800) as the Start Location. This results in evenly distributing 1400' stations of length between the two (2) sheets.

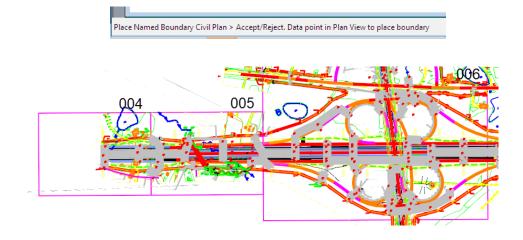




N. Uncheck the Create Drawing and Show Dialog box.



O. Follow the prompt and **Data Point** in the **2D View** to accept placement of the boundaries as shown.



- P. Continue to sheet **007** after sheet **006** (interchange).
- Q. Under the *Drawing Production* Tab → *Named Boundary* tool group → **Named Boundary** dropdown, choose the **Place Named Boundary** tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.



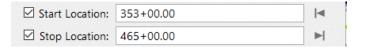
R. Choose the Civil Plan tool to change the data



- P. Uncheck the boxes for the **Start Location** and **Stop Location** if they are checked.
- Q. Select the **50 Scale Plan** Drawing Seed.
- R. Set the Name field to 007.
- S. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- T. Set the Group to L.
- U. Set the second *Name* field to be **L** to coincide with the alignment name. This second name is the name of the **Group** of named boundaries used along the **L** alignment. This field may also be automatically set when a horizontal alignment is selected.
- V. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- W. Note the prompt in the lower left corner asking to **Identify Path Element**. The user will graphically select the mainline **L alignment** on screen.



X. Key-in 353+00 for Start location and 465+00 as the Stop Location and hit Enter.

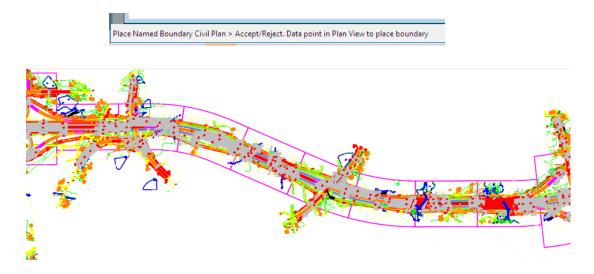


Y. Uncheck the **Create Drawing and Show Dialog** box.





Z. Follow the prompt and **Data Point** in the **2D View** to accept placement of the boundaries as shown.



- AA. Continue to sheet **016** after sheet **015** (interchange).
- BB. Under the *Drawing Production* Tab → *Named Boundary* tool group → **Named Boundary** dropdown, choose the **Place Named Boundary** tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.



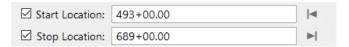
CC. Choose the **Civil Plan** tool to change the data



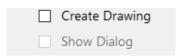
- DD. Uncheck the boxes for the **Start Location** and **Stop Location** if they are checked.
- EE. Select the **50 Scale Plan** *Drawing Seed*.
- FF. Set the **Name** field to **016**
- GG. Set the Group to L.
- HH. Set the second **Name** field to be **L** to coincide with the alignment name. This second name is the name of the **Group** of named boundaries used along the L alignment. This field may also be automatically set when a horizontal alignment is selected.
- II. A Description can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- JJ. Note the prompt in the lower left corner asking to **Identify Path Element**. The user will graphically select the **mainline L alignment** on screen.



KK. Key-in **493+00** (Sheet 016) for **Start Location** and **689+00** (Sheet 029) as the **Stop Location** and hit **Enter.**

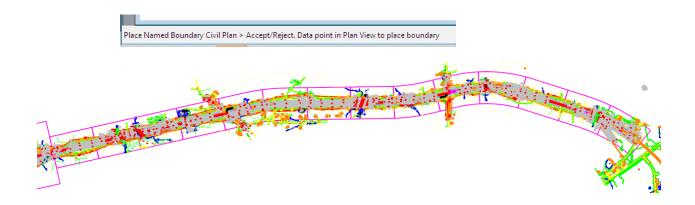


LL. Uncheck the Create Drawing and Show Dialog box.





MM. Follow the prompt and **Data Point** in the **2D** View to accept placement of the boundaries as shown.



- OO. Continue to sheet **030** top of the first interchange sheet **006**.
- PP. Under the *Drawing Production* Tab → *Named Boundary* tool group → **Named Boundary** dropdown, choose the **Place Named Boundary** tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.



QQ. Choose the Civil Plan tool to change the data



- RR. Uncheck the boxes for the **Start Location** and **Stop Location** if they are checked.
- SS. Select the **50 Scale Plan** *Drawing Seed*.
- TT. Set the Name field to 030
- UU. Set the Group to (New).
- VV. Set the second **Name** field to be **Y8** to coincide with the alignment name. This second name is the name of the Group of named boundaries used along the **Y8** alignment. This field may also be automatically set when a horizontal alignment is selected.
- WW. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- XX. Note the prompt in the lower left corner asking to **Identify Path Element**. The user will graphically select the **Y8** alignment on screen.



YY. Deviation from Normal Layout

Normally it is customary to use the horizontal alignment lengthwise (1400' at 50 Scale) to layout the named boundaries. In this situation, we will need to use the sheet "width-wise" to accommodate the two-way loops\ramps.

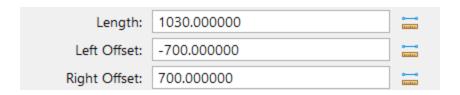




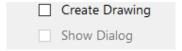
ZZ. Key-in 8+70 for Start Location and 19+00 as the Stop Location and hit Enter.

☑ Start Location:	8+70.00	◀
☑ Stop Location:	19+00.00	⊳

AAA. Key-in 1030 as the Length, -700 as the Left Offset, 700 as the Right Offset.



BBB. Uncheck the Create Drawing and Show Dialog box.



CCC. Follow the prompt and **Data Point** in the **2D** View to accept placement of the boundaries as shown.



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- DDD. Continue to sheet **031** bottom of the first interchange sheet **006**.
- EEE. Under the *Drawing Production* Tab → *Named Boundary* tool group → **Named Boundary** dropdown, choose the **Place Named Boundary** tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.



- **FFF.** Choose the **Civil Plan** tool to change the data Uncheck the boxes for the **Start Location** and **Stop Location** if they are checked.
- GGG. Select the **50 Scale Plan** Drawing Seed.
- HHH. Set the Name field to 031.
- III. Set the Group to Y8.
- JJJ. Set the second **Name** field to be **Y8** to coincide with the alignment name. This second name is the name of the Group of named boundaries used along the **Y8** alignment. This field may also be automatically set when a horizontal alignment is selected.
- KKK. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- LLL. Note the prompt in the lower left corner asking to **Identify Path Element**. The user will graphically select the **Y8** alignment on screen.

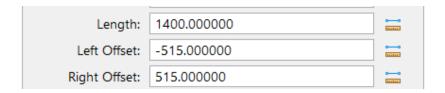




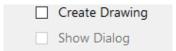
MMM. Key-in **38+15** for Start Location and **52+14** as the **Stop Location** and hit **Enter**. Note that depending on the sensitivity, when keying-in the full 1400' station (52+15) to a sheet, it sometime wants to create two (2) named boundaries, instead of one.



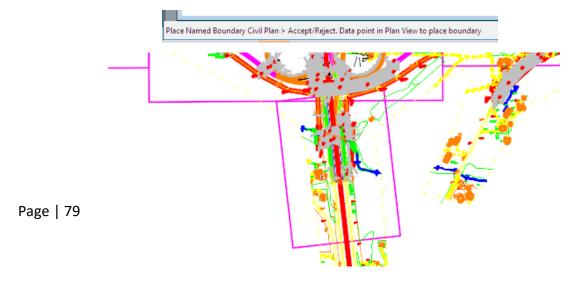
NNN. Reset and take the default Length, Left Offset and Right Offset.



NNN. Uncheck the Create Drawing and Show Dialog box.



OOO. Follow the prompt and **Data Point** in the **2D View** to accept placement of the boundaries as shown.

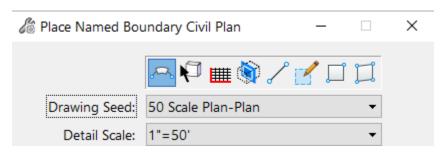




- PPP. Continue to sheet **032** on **-Y11-** next crossing grade separation. This part of the exercise we will be placing a new type of sheet, **Plan (Top)-Plan (Bottom).** It's similar to the dual-profile sheet.
- QQQ. Under the *Drawing Production* Tab → *Named Boundary* tool group → **Named Boundary** dropdown, choose the **Place Named Boundary** tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.



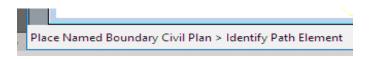
- **RRR.** Choose the **Civil Plan** tool to change the data Uncheck the boxes for the **Start Location** and **Stop Location** if they are checked.
- SSS. Select the **50 Scale Plan-Plan** Drawing Seed.



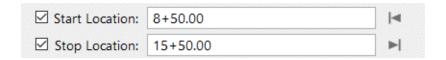
- TTT. Set the Name field to 032T. "T" is the top part of the sheet.
- UUU. Set the Group to (New).
- VVV. Set the second **Name** field to be **Y11** to coincide with the alignment name. This second name is the name of the Group of named boundaries used along the **Y11** alignment. This field may also be automatically set when a horizontal alignment is selected.



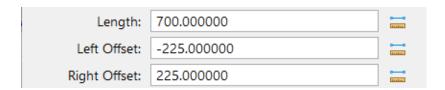
- WWW. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- XXX. Note the prompt in the lower left corner asking to **Identify Path Element**. The user will graphically select the **Y11** alignment on screen.



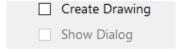
YYY. Key-in 8+50 for Start Location and 15+50 as the Stop Location and hit Enter.



ZZZ. Key-in 700 as the Length and accept the default values for Left Offset and Right Offset.

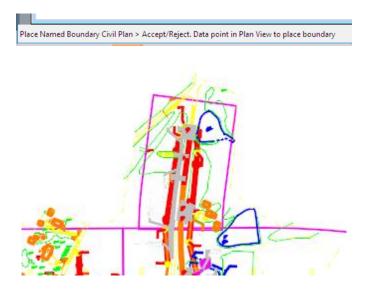


AAAA. Uncheck the Create Drawing and Show Dialog box.





BBBB. Follow the prompt and **Data Point** in the **2D View** to accept placement of the boundaries as shown.



CCCC. Continue to sheet **032** on **-Y11**- next crossing grade separation. This part of the exercise we will be placing a new type of sheet, **Plan (Top)-Plan (Bottom).** It's similar to the dual-profile sheet.

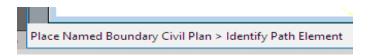
DDDD. Under the *Drawing Production* Tab → *Named Boundary* tool group → **Named Boundary** dropdown, choose the **Place Named Boundary** tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.



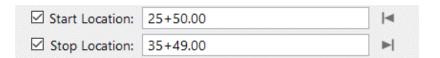
EEEE. Choose the **Civil Plan** tool to change the data Uncheck the boxes for the **Start Location** and **Stop Location** if they are checked.



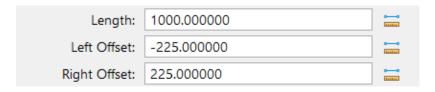
- FFFF. Select the **50 Scale Plan-Plan** Drawing Seed.
- GGGG. Set the **Name** field to **032B**. "B" is the bottom part of the sheet.
- HHHH. Set the **Group** to **Y11.**
- IIII. Set the second **Name** field to be **Y11** to coincide with the alignment name. This second name is the name of the Group of named boundaries used along the **Y11** alignment. This field may also be automatically set when a horizontal alignment is selected.
- JJJJ. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- KKKK. Note the prompt in the lower left corner asking to **Identify Path Element**. The user will graphically select the **Y11** alignment on screen.



LLLL. Key-in 25+50 for Start Location and 35+49 as the Stop Location and hit Enter.

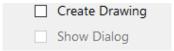


MMMM. Key-in **1000** as the **Length** and accept the default values for **Left Offset** and **Right Offset**.

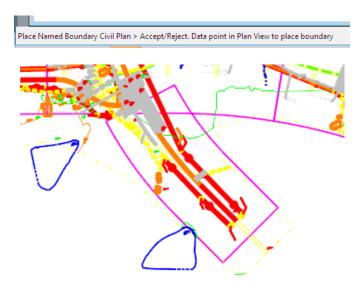




NNNN. Uncheck the Create Drawing and Show Dialog box.



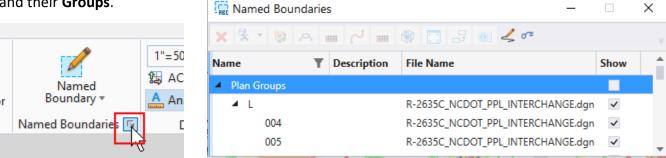
OOOO. Follow the prompt and **Data Point** in the **2D View** to accept placement of the boundaries as shown.



You may choose to complete the other intersections the same manner, but this part of the exercise is complete.

Once they are complete, use the Named Boundary Manager to inspect the named boundaries

and their **Groups**.

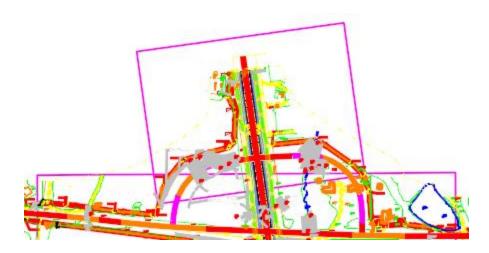


Next, we will focus in joining the overlapping named boundaries at their **Match Line** locations.

Exercise 5 – Intersection Sheets (Crossroads)

After placing the Named Boundaries on the surrounding sheets, the next step is to merge the two (2) Named Boundaries together, therefor eliminating any overlap. This is done with basic Microstation commands at the Match Line location.

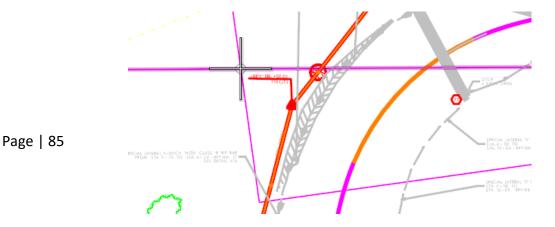
A. Locate the first interchange sheet 006 at the top where it overlaps with sheet 030.



B. Under the *Drawing* Ribbon Tab, *Modify* Tool Group, select **Insert Vertex**.



C. Select the top part od the **006** Named Boundary and **Insert Vertex** to where the two (2) named boundaries intersects on the left of **030**. Use **Intersection** snap mode.

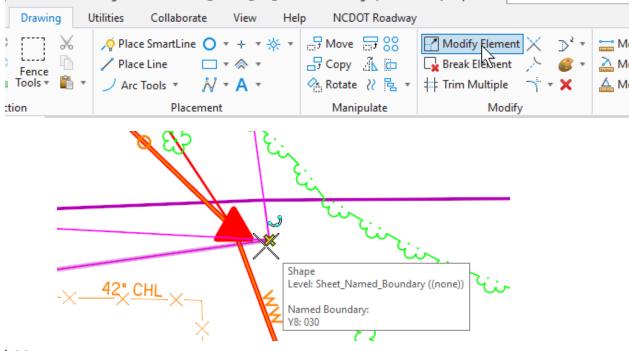




D. Select the same top part of the **006** Named Boundary and **Insert Vertex** to the right where it intersects with **030**.

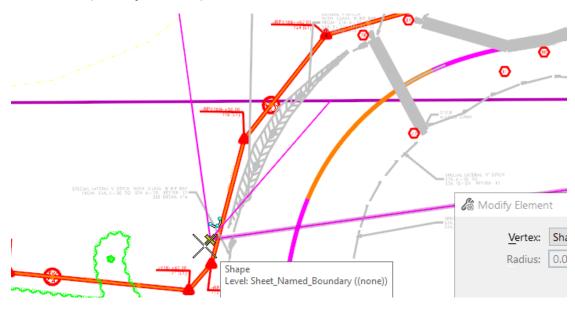


E. Select **Modify Element** and click on the adjacent point on the **006** Named to the left (inside) of the intersection point and place it on the bottom right corner of **030**.

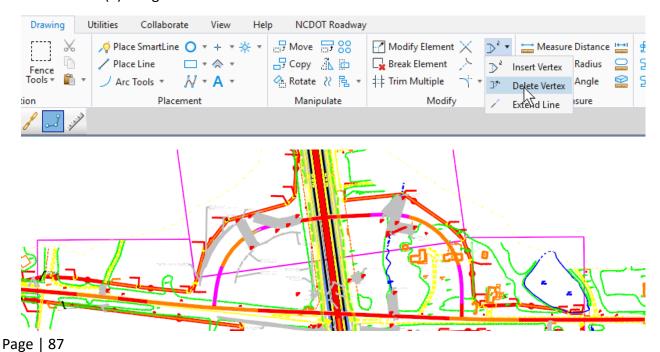




F. Do the same (Modify Element) for the left bottom corner of 030.



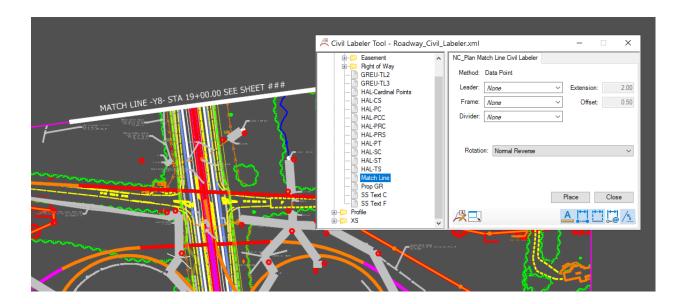
G. The remaining **vertices** inside **030**, use the **Delete Vertex** tool to remove them forming the two (2) merged named boundaries.





H. Follow the same procedure for the other overlapping named boundaries. Use the same set of **basic Microstation Tools**.

After the drawings and sheets have been created, use Microstation to draw the Match Lines and use the Civil Labeler to place the Match line Texts. Do these things in the Microstation Drawing Model.



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Module 13 – Sheeting

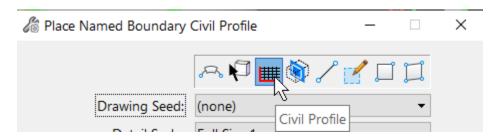
Exercise 6 - Profile Sheets

Now let's create the (base) Profile sheet boundary layout in the file *R*-2635C_RDY_PPL_INTERCHANGE.dgn (plan/profile layout) and write the profile sheets to this file *R*-2635C_RDY_PRS.dgn. (Note: Just like the plan sheets NCDOT is looking into creating a "PRD" file to put the drawings in and the "PRS" to put just sheets in).

- 1. Open the *R-2635C_RDY_PPL.dgn* in the Roadway\Sheets folder.
- 2. Have both the **Plan View** and **Profile View** opened. We will be working mostly in the Profile View.
- 3. Place Named Boundary Civil Profile
 - A. Workflow
 - 1. In the **PPL** open the **Profile View** (required).
 - 2. Select the Civil Profile Mode and Drawing Seed.
 - 3. Set the station limits as desired.
 - 4. Modify other fields and toggles as needed.
 - 5. Enable the **Create Drawing** toggle.
 - 6. **Data Point** in the **Profile View** to place boundaries.
- Under the <u>Drawing Production</u> Tab → <u>Named Boundary</u> tool group → <u>Named</u>
 Boundary dropdown, choose the <u>Place Named Boundary Create</u> tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.



5. Choose the **Civil Profile** Mode to change the data fields in the dialog box to reflect the data needed for profile sheet layout.





Below are the descriptions of the data fields for creating profile drawings and sheets:

Setting	Description	
Drawing Seed	Specifies the drawing seed that sets default values for all of the values on the dialog except the start and stop locations. Also contains definitions for what seed files are used to create the cross sections drawing and seed models including how the drawings are positioned on the sheets.	
Detail Scale	Sets the scale at which the named boundary will be placed.	
Name	Enter name of the named boundary.	
Description	Enter brief description for the new group.	
Group	Selects the named boundary group. You can also create a new group by selecting New from the drop-down.	
Method	 Station Limits From Plan Group The limits of the profile boundaries will match the plan boundaries in the specified Plan Group. 	
Plan Group	Available if From Plan Group is selected as the method.	
Group	Selects the named boundary group. You can also create a new group by selecting New from the drop-down.	
Name	Enter name of the new group.	
Description	Enter brief description for the new group.	
Vertical Exaggeration	Specifies the vertical exaggeration for displayed profile. Values greater than 1.0 for this parameter increase the exaggeration.	



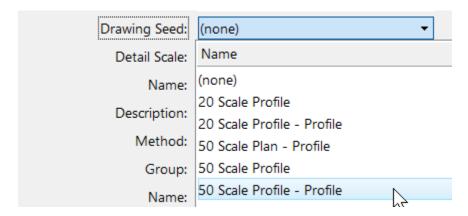
Setting	Description	
Available Profile Height	The depth of view in model units (unscaled) that the profile view can display before needing to adjust and step the view.	
Top Clearance	The height in model units (unscaled) above the profile that is maintained relative to the design and or terrain models in the view.	
Bottom Clearance	The height in model units (unscaled) below the profile that is maintained relative to the design and or terrain models in the view.	
Elevation Datum Spacing	When a profile is shifted, the starting elevation will always be a multiple of this this value.	
Station Datum Spacing	The rounding applied to the station location when splitting the profile to generate stepped profiles.	
Profile Shifts	Datum Stations, Where Needed or Do Not Shift	
Use Terrains	Enable to use active surface information in drawing the profile.	
Use Active Vertical	Enable to use active vertical information in drawing the profile.	
Whole Conduits Only	Draws whole conduits on a sheet.	
Create Drawing	Opens the Create Drawing dialog after creating the named boundary to create a saved view from the selected named boundary and automate dynamic views.	
Show Dialog	When enabled, a dialog with additional parameters set by the Drawing Seed is shown.	

6. Uncheck the boxes for the **Start Location** and **Stop Location** if they are checked.



7. Select the **50 Scale Profile** - **Profile** Drawing Seed. This will create a **Top** and **Bottom** (dual) Profile 1400' stations each per sheet.

Note: The **Drawing Seed** defines default values and other parameters required to create drawings and sheets. The Drawing Seeds for **Civil Profile** mode are:



Also note the Detail Scale automatically changes to 1" = 50' and the Length and other settings changed based on the Drawing Seed selected.

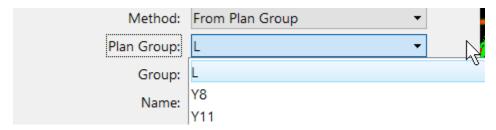
- 8. Set the first Name field to be **040** since the last plan sheet is **039**. This is just the continuation from the **last plan sheet** number.
- 9. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- 10. Select **Station Limits** as the method.



Note the other option is **From Plan Group.** From Plan Group uses the station limits based on the plan named boundaries. When the stations on the plan sheets match the stations on the profile sheet, sheet per sheet, sometime this desirable and standard. In this situation we have 100 scale interchange sheets (2800') so we are not able to match the

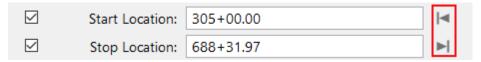


plans. If From Plan Group is selected an option to select a Named Boundary Plan Group is made available.

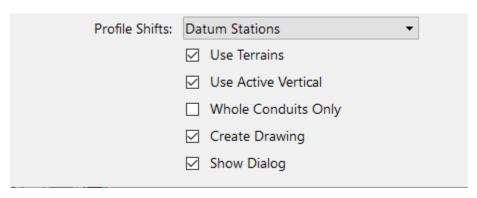


- 11. Set the **Group** to **New** to create a new profile named boundary group.
- 12. The **Name** of the Profile Group will automatically be set to the vertical alignment name when you **Data Point** to the **Profile View**.
- 13. **Start Location: Data Point** in the **Profile View** and click on the **left arrow button** to the right of field to lock it to the beginning station (**305+00**)

Stop Location: Data Point in the **Profile View** and click on the **right arrow button** to the right of field to lock it to the ending station (**688+31.97**)

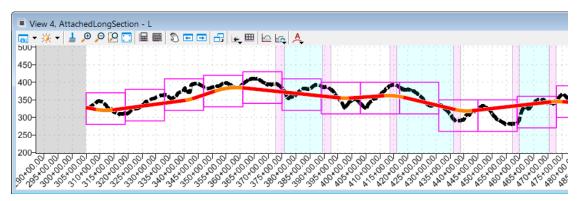


14. Check on Use Terrains, Use Active Vertical, Create Drawing and Show Dialog.

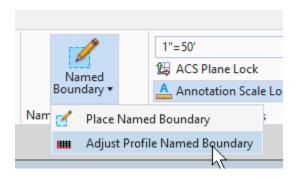


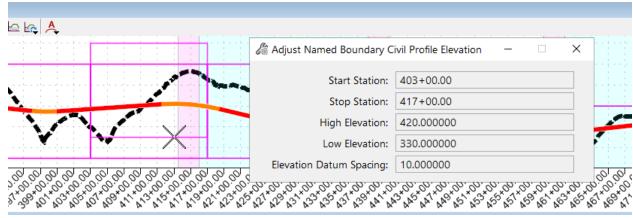


15. **Data Point** in the **Profile View** twice to accept and place the named boundaries. The **Create Drawing** dialog box should then appear.



Note that after the placement, the individual profile named boundaries can be adjusted up and down using the **Adjust Profile Named Boundary** tool

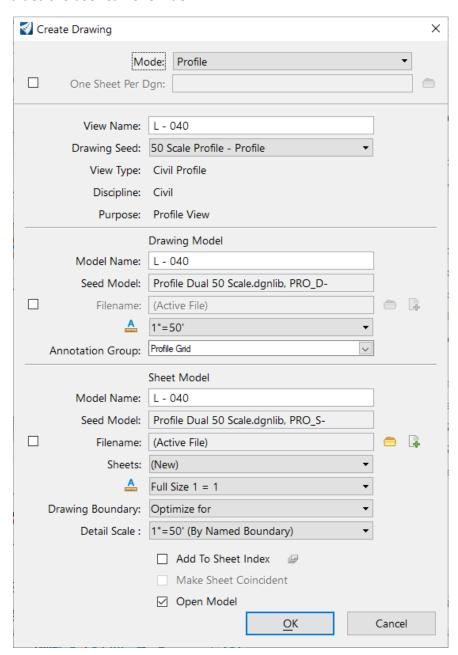






Create Drawing (Profile)

Most of the options have been filled in by default from the selection of the **Drawing Seed**. There are some values the user can override.





Each Item in the $\mbox{\bf CREATE DIALOG}$ box Description.

Setting	Description	
Mode	Profile	
Name	Shows the name of the saved view that will be created.	
One sheet per Dgn	If on, each sheet model, and all drawing models attached to the sheet model, are created in an individual .dgn file in the selected folder. The name of each .dgn file created will match the name of the created saved view.	
Drawing Seed	Defines the drawing seed template from which the detailing symbol style will be used for the callout.	
View Type	Displays the saved view type. The saved view type displayed depends on the saved view settings in the seed file selected in the Drawing Seed drop-down list.	
Discipline	Displays the discipline of the drawing. It can be modified from the saved view properties in the Properties dialog.	
Purpose	Displays the purpose of the saved view. It can be modified from the saved view properties in the Properties dialog.	
Seed Model	Displays the seed model from which the drawing model will be created. This seed model is derived from the template selected in the Drawing Seed dropdown list.	
Filename	If on, you can select the file in which the drawing model will be created. By default, the drawing model is created in the active file. You can create a new file that will contain the new drawing model by clicking Create New Drawing	



Setting	Description	
	File icon. You can also create the drawing model in an existing file by clicking Browse Drawing File Browse Drawing File icon.	
	Note: If you select an existing file to create the drawing model, make sure the file belongs to the same WorkSet, else the OK button in the dialog will be dimmed.	
Annotation Scale	Sets the scale factor for text and dimensioning in the drawing model. The annotation scale of the drawing model is used as the detail scale when it is attached to a sheet.	
	Note: Only the scales that match the master units of the seed file are populated in this drop-down list.	
Annotation Group	Selects the drawing annotation group that defines how drawing models are annotated. The drawing annotation group defines grids, XY coordinate labels, north arrows, frame annotation, etc. that are created in the drawing model and are to be shown on the final sheet. Annotation groups are found in the OpenRoads Standards under Annotation Groups.	
Seed Model	If on, you can select the seed model from which the sheet model will be created. This seed model is derived from the template selected in the Drawing Seed drop-down list, except for the case when you place a named boundary using a drawing boundary with the Create Drawing check box turned on. In this case, the sheet-seed model is the one that contains the drawing boundary. This is to make sure that the drawing fits exactly in the selected drawing boundary.	
Filename	If on, you can select the file in which the sheet model will be created. By default, the sheet model is created in the active file. You can create a new file that will contain the new sheet model by clicking Create New Sheet File	



Setting	Description		
	icon. You can also create the sheet model in an existing file by clicking Browse Sheet File icon.		
	Note: If you select an existing file to create the sheet model, make sure the file belongs to the same WorkSet, or else the OK button in the dialog will be dimmed.		
Sheets	Sets the sheet model in which you want to place the drawing. You can also select New to create a new sheet model.		
Annotation Scale	Sets the scale factor for text and dimensioning in the sheet model.		
	Note: Only the scales that match the master units of the seed file are populated in this drop-down list.		
Drawing Boundary	Sets the drawing boundary in the sheet model where the drawing will be placed. This option lists the following:		
	 New - Creates a new drawing boundary. List of empty drawing boundaries (drawing boundaries that do not have a saved view attached) of same View Type contained in the sheet model selected in the Sheets drop-down list. If Sheets is set to New, lists the empty drawing boundaries of same view type available in the sheet-seed model. In this case, a new sheet model is created and the selected drawing boundary is filled with the saved view. If multiple saved views are to be placed then for each saved view a new sheet model is created and the saved view is placed with new drawing boundary. If Sheets is set to an existing sheet model, then the first saved view is placed in that sheet model, in the selected drawing boundary. For the remaining saved views, a new sheet model cloned from sheet seed model is created for each saved view 		



Setting	Description	
	 and the saved view is placed in the selected drawing boundary in each sheet model. Optimize For - This option is available when you want to place multiple views and if the sheet model in which you want to place the saved views contains more than one drawing boundary of the same View Type. Following examples explain the use of this option in different scenarios Say you want to place an array of four named boundaries of view type "Section" and the sheet model selected in the Sheets drop-down list contains five empty drawing boundaries of type "Section". In this case, if you select Optimize For, the name boundaries will be placed on the first four drawing boundaries, in the sequence of their drawing identifiers. This option is also available if you choose to create a new sheet model and if the sheet-seed model contains more than one drawing boundary of the same view type. Say you have six saved views to be placed and the selected sheet-seed model has only two empty drawing boundaries. If you select Optimize For, two saved views will be placed in the selected sheet models. For the remaining four saved views, two new sheet models will be created by cloning the sheet-seed model and two saved views will be placed in each of the sheet models. 	
Detail Scale	Sets the detail scale of the drawing attachment in the sheet model. In addition to standard scales, MicroStation calculates following recommended scales and displays them in this drop-down list:	
	By Named Boundary - (Available only when you create dynamic view from a named boundary) The detail scale stored on the named boundary.	



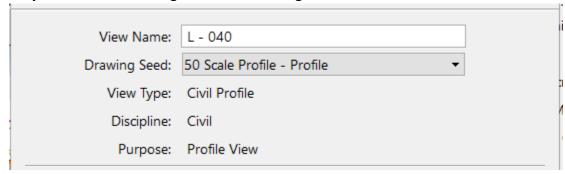
Setting	Description	
	 Fit View to Drawing Boundary - The closest standard scale at which the saved view attachment will fit into the selected drawing boundary. Fit View to Sheet Boundary - The closest standard scale at which the saved view attachment will fit into the sheet boundary. Custom - allows you to define a custom scale. Note: Only the scales that match the master units of the seed file are populated in this drop-down list. 	
Add to Sheet Index	Adds the sheet model to the sheet index. Note: If some other user already has the sheet index in edit mode, the sheet model cannot be added to the sheet index. In such case, a message is displayed in the message center.	
Select a folder from Sheet Index	Opens the Sheet Index Folder Picker from which you can select the folder in which the sheet model should be added.	
Make Sheet Coincident	(Available only if the sheet model does not contain a drawing boundary) If on, the reference in the sheet model is made coincident with the design model. For this, if required, the sheet boundary is moved and rotated to fit around the reference. If off, the reference is moved and rotated so that it is attached at the center of sheet boundary.	
Open Model	If this check box is on, the last sheet model that was created opens.	



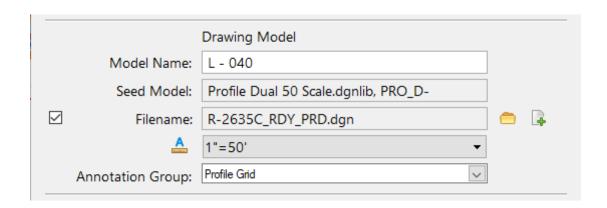
I. The check box for **One Sheet Per Dgn** if checked a DGN file will be created for each sheet. The NCDOT standard is leave this **unchecked**.



J. Verify default mode settings from the Drawing Seed selection.



K. **Drawing Model** Options (Profile Annotation and Grid Lines):



Filename (check to enable):

C:\NCDOT Training\Roadway\Module 13 - Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets\R-2635C_RDY_PRD.dgn (Profile Drawings)



Note the two (2) icons to the right of this field . The first folder icon is **Browse Drawing File** and the second icon with the "+" symbol is **Create New Drawing File**. Browse Drawing File will add drawings to the existing drawings already in the file. Create New Drawing File will create a new file to place the drawings in. If selecting Create New Drawing File and selecting an existing file, it will **DELETE** any the existing drawings in the file and make a fresh blank copy.

If **Create New Drawing File** is selected, a seed file from the WorkSpace can be used.

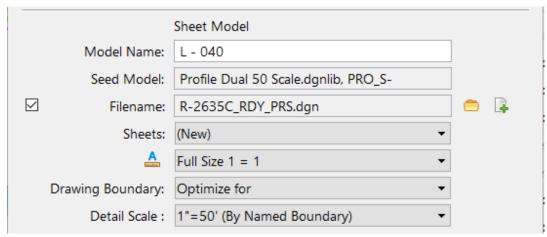
 $\label{lem:configuration} $$\operatorname{VorkSpace}\ \operatorname{Configuration}\ \operatorname{Civil}\ \operatorname{NCDOT}\ \operatorname{Seed}\ \operatorname{Design.dgn}.$

It is not necessary to choose a specific drawing seed since the software will place the Microstation Drawing Models in this file. The master Default Model (from the seed) is a Microstation Design Model.

In this exercise this is our first set of profile drawings, we can select **Create New Drawing File** and select the existing **PLD** file (blank) to put the drawings in. As you generate more drawings, you may select **Browse Drawing File** to add to it.

Annotation Group (Profile Grid – set by default by the Drawing seed Selection):

L. Sheet Model Options (attaching the drawing to the sheet and scale it down to Full Size 1 = 1):





Filename (check to enable):

C:\NCDOT Training\Roadway\Module 13 - Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets\R-2635C_RDY_PRS.dgn (Profile Sheets)

Note the two (2) icons to the right of this field . The first folder icon is **Browse Sheet File** and the second icon with the "+" symbol is **Create New Sheet File** will add sheets to the existing sheets already in the file. *Create New Sheet File* will create a new file to place the sheets in. If selecting *Create New Sheet File* and selecting an existing file, it will **DELETE** any the existing sheets in the file and make a fresh blank copy.

If Create New Sheet File is selected, a seed file from the WorkSpace can be used.

{WorkSpace}\Configuration\Organization-Civil\NCDOT\Seed\Seed2D - English Design.dgn.

It is not necessary to choose a specific sheet seed file since the software will place the Microstation Sheet Models in this file. The master Default Model (from the seed) is a Microstation Design Model.

In this exercise this is our first set of sheets, we can select **Create New Sheet File** and select the existing **PRS** file (blank) to put the sheets in. As you generate more sheets, you may select **Browse Sheet File** to add to it.

Note the **Annotation Scale** is always set to **Full Size 1 = 1** for all sheets.

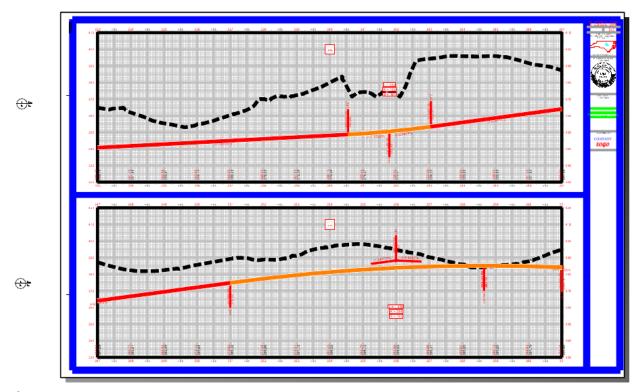
The **Detail Scale** is based on the Drawing Seed selection and the scale of Ptofile Named Boundaries.



M. **Add To Sheet Index** should remain *uncheck* at this point. We will go over **Sheet Indexing** later in this training. **Open Model** should be *checked* on to display the last sheet when it has completed the process.

☐ Add To Sheet I	ndex 🖳		
Make Sheet Co	Make Sheet Coincident		
Open Model			
	<u>O</u> K	Cancel	

N. Review the created profile drawings and sheets. Remember to reference the Roadway Design Title Block Border (TBB) file to the WorkSpace Sheet Seed DGNLIB before creating the drawings and sheets or reference the TBB manually to the sheets afterward.

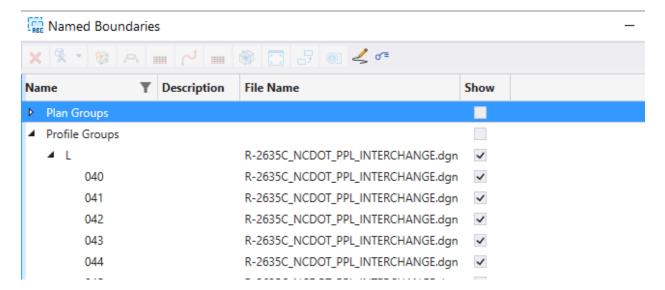




Now that we created sheets let's look at where all the links are located:

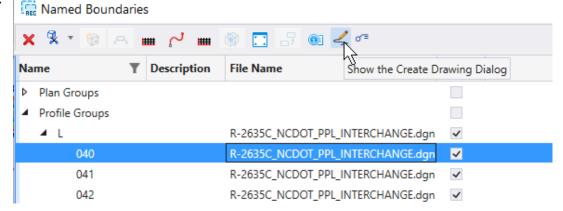
O. Go back to the *R-2635C_RDY_PPL_INTERCHANGE.dgn* in the **Roadway\Sheets** folder and Select **Named Boundary Manager**. (It's the small square in the lower right-hand corner).





P. Select the Profile Group L or the individual Named Boundary. Notice the icons across the top that were greyed out now become active. The Name Boundary Manager (NBM) is where the named boundaries can be edited and rename/re-number. The drawings and sheets can also be created from the NBM by enabling **Show the Create Drawing Dialog**, right mouse click on the Group or individual named boundary and select **Create profile**

drawing.



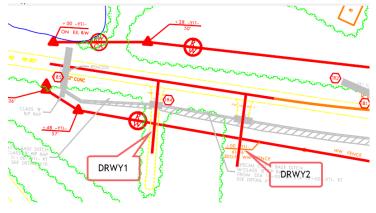
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Exercise 7 – Multiple Profiles Per Sheet

- A. Open the *R-2635C_RDY_PPL_DRWYS.dgn* in the Roadway\Sheets folder.
- B. Have both the Plan View and Profile View opened. We will be working mostly in the Profile View.
- C. Place Named Boundary Civil Profile
 - B. Workflow
 - 1. In the **PPL** open the **Profile View** (required).
 - 2. Select the Civil Profile Mode and Drawing Seed.
 - 3. Set the station limits as desired.
 - 4. Modify other fields and toggles as needed.
 - 5. Enable the **Create Drawing** toggle.
 - 6. **Data Point** in the **Profile View** to place boundaries.
 - 7. Repeat steps 1-6 for the second profile.
 - 8. In the **Create Drawing** dialog box, select the previous sheet instead of **New**.
 - 9. Place the second and consecutive profiles on the same sheet.

D. Zoom in the area begin inning of -Y11- with the two 100' driveways. Open the Plan and

Profile Views for -DRWY1-.



E. Under the *Drawing Production* Tab → Named Boundary tool group → Named Boundary dropdown, choose the Place Named Boundary Create tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.

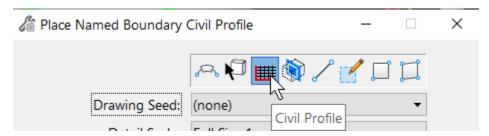
Named

Place Named Boundary

Adjust Profile Named Boundary

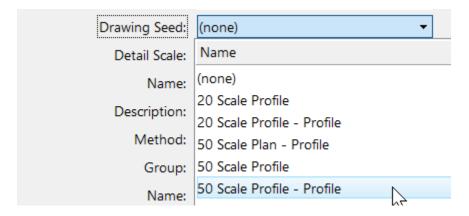


F. Choose the **Civil Profile** Mode to change the data fields in the dialog box to reflect the data needed for profile sheet layout.



- G. Uncheck the boxes for the **Start Location** and **Stop Location** if they are checked.
- H. Select the **50 Scale Profile Profile** Drawing Seed. This will create a **Top** and **Bottom** (dual) Profile 1400' stations each per sheet.

Note: The **Drawing Seed** defines default values and other parameters required to create drawings and sheets. The Drawing Seeds for **Civil Profile** mode are:

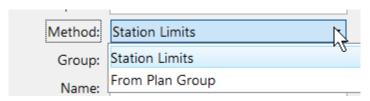


Also note the Detail Scale automatically changes to 1" = 50' and the Length and other settings changed based on the Drawing Seed selected.

- I. Set the first Name field to be **Profile 1**.
- J. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.



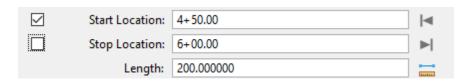
K. Select **Station Limits** as the method.



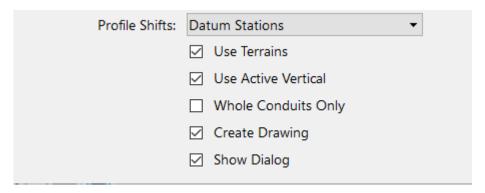
- L. Set the **Group** to **New** to create a new profile named boundary group.
- M. The **Name** of the Profile Group will automatically be set to the vertical alignment name when you **Data Point** to the **Profile View**.
- N. **Start Location: Data Point** in the **Profile View** and key-in **4+50** (allow for the 50' buffer before the beginning of the profile).

Stop Location: Data Point in the **Profile View** and click on the **right arrow button** to the right of field to lock it to the ending station (**6+00**)

Length: key-in 200 (allow for the 50' buffer after the end of the profile).

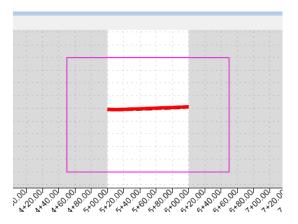


O. Check on Use Terrains, Use Active Vertical, Create Drawing and Show Dialog.





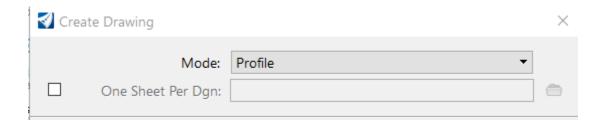
P. **Data Point** in the **Profile View** twice to accept and place the named boundaries. The **Create Drawing** dialog box should then appear.



Create Drawing (Profile)

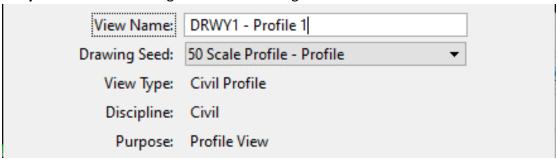
Most of the options have been filled in by default from the selection of the **Drawing Seed**. There are some values the user can override.

Q. The check box for **One Sheet Per Dgn** if checked a DGN file will be created for each sheet. The NCDOT standard is leave this **unchecked**.

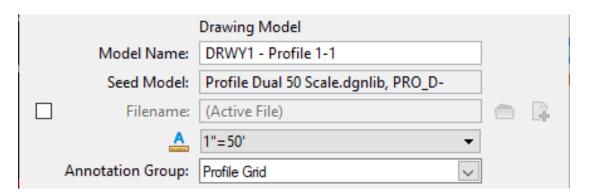




R. Verify default mode settings from the Drawing Seed selection.



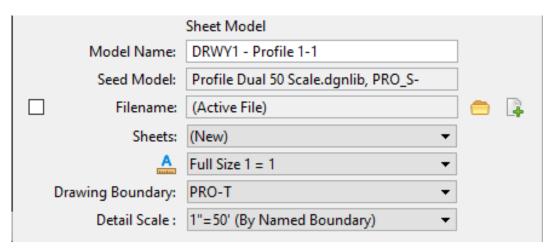
S. **Drawing Model** Options (Profile Annotation and Grid Lines):



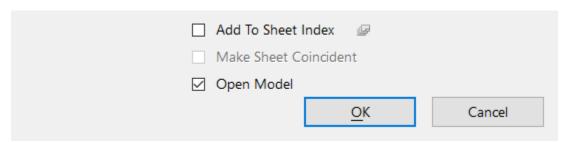
Currently multiple profile drawings can be placed on a single sheet only if they are in the active PPL file. This is a known bug in 10.10.21.



T. **Sheet Model** Options (attaching the drawing to the sheet and scale it down to **Full Size 1** = **1**):



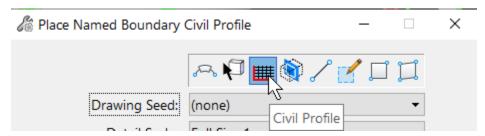
U. **Add To Sheet Index** should remain *uncheck* at this point. We will go over **Sheet Indexing** later in this training. **Open Model** should be *checked* on to display the last sheet when it has completed the process.



- V. After the sheet has been created, go back to the **Multi-Model Views** and focus on the second driveway. Open the **Plan** and **Profile** Views for **-DRWY2-**.
- W. Under the *Drawing Production* Tab → *Named Boundary* tool group → **Named Boundary** dropdown, choose the **Place Named Boundary Create** tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.

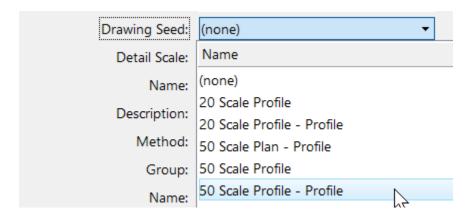


X. Choose the **Civil Profile** Mode to change the data fields in the dialog box to reflect the data needed for profile sheet layout.



- Y. Uncheck the boxes for the **Start Location** and **Stop Location** if they are checked.
- Z. Select the 50 Scale Profile Profile Drawing Seed. This will create a Top and Bottom (dual) Profile 1400' stations each per sheet.

Note: The **Drawing Seed** defines default values and other parameters required to create drawings and sheets. The Drawing Seeds for **Civil Profile** mode are:



Also note the Detail Scale automatically changes to 1" = 50' and the Length and other settings changed based on the Drawing Seed selected.

- AA. Set the first Name field to be **Profile 1**.
- BB. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.



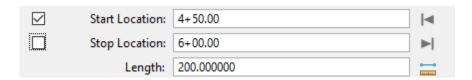
CC. Select Station Limits as the method.



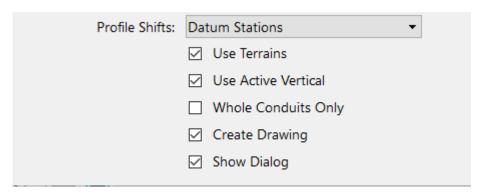
- DD. Set the **Group** to **New** to create a new profile named boundary group.
- EE. The **Name** of the Profile Group will automatically be set to the vertical alignment name when you **Data Point** to the **Profile View**.
- FF. **Start Location: Data Point** in the **Profile View** and key-in **4+50** (allow for the 50' buffer before the beginning of the profile).

Stop Location: Data Point in the **Profile View** and click on the **right arrow button** to the right of field to lock it to the ending station (**6+00**)

Length: key-in 200 (allow for the 50' buffer after the end of the profile).

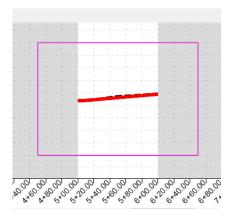


GG. Check on Use Terrains, Use Active Vertical, Create Drawing and Show Dialog.





HH. **Data Point** in the **Profile View** twice to accept and place the named boundaries. The **Create Drawing** dialog box should then appear.



Create Drawing (Profile)

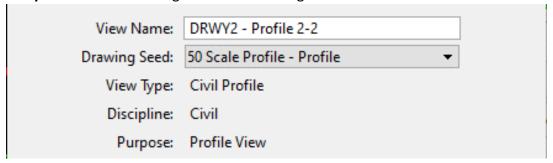
Most of the options have been filled in by default from the selection of the **Drawing Seed**. There are some values the user can override.

II. The check box for **One Sheet Per Dgn** if checked a DGN file will be created for each sheet. The NCDOT standard is leave this **unchecked**.

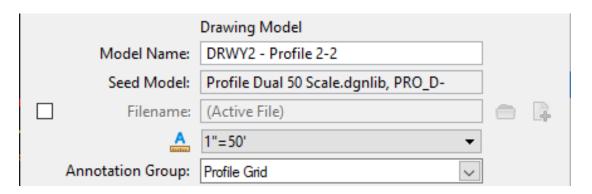




JJ. Verify default mode settings from the Drawing Seed selection.



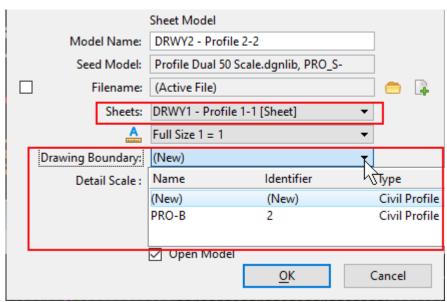
KK. **Drawing Model** Options (Profile Annotation and Grid Lines):



Currently multiple profile drawings can be placed on a single sheet only if they are in the active PPL file. This is a known bug in 10.10.21.



LL. **Sheet Model** Options (attaching the drawing to the sheet and scale it down to **Full Size 1** = 1):



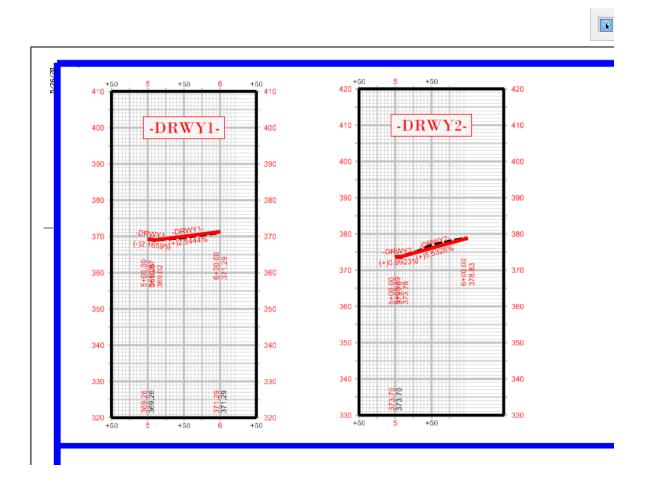
Note the **Sheets** field should be set to the sheet model the first profile was drawn in. The **Drawing Boundary** option is whether you want to place the drawing on the top (where the first profile was placed) or bottom of the sheet.

MM. Add To Sheet Index should remain *uncheck* at this point. We will go over Sheet Indexing later in this training. Open Model should be *checked* on to display the last sheet when it has completed the process.

Add To Sheet Index	
Make Sheet Coincident	
✓ Open Model	
<u>O</u> K	Cancel



NN. Review the created profile drawings and sheets. Move the referenced drawing around to arrange them as desired. You may also have to move the labels around to avoid clutter.



Exercise 8 – Plan (Top) - Profile (Bottom) Sheet

Now let's create the Plan (Top) - Profile (Bottom) sheet named boundary layout in the file *R-2635C_RDY_PPL_Y11-EXAMPLE1.dgn*. Y11 is **Jenks Road** the second grade separation to the right of the first interchange sheet **006**.

- A. Open the *R-2635C_RDY_PPL_Y11-EXAMPLE1.dgn* in the **Roadway\Sheets** folder.
- B. Have both the **Plan View** and **Profile View** opened.
- C. Place Named Boundaries.

Workflow

- 1. In the **PPL** open the **Plan** and **Profile Views** of **Y11** (required).
- 2. Select the Civil Plan Mode and Drawing Seed.
- 3. Set the station limits as desired.
- 4. Modify other fields and toggles as needed.
- 5. **Disable** the **Create Drawing** toggle.
- 6. **Data Point** in the **Plan View** to place boundaries.
- 7. Select the Civil Profile Mode and Drawing Seed.
- 8. Set the station limits as desired.
- 9. Modify other fields and toggles as needed.
- 10. **Enable** the **Create Drawing** toggle.
- 11. **Data Point** in the **Plan View** to place the named boundaries
- D. Under the <u>Drawing Production</u> Tab → <u>Named Boundary</u> tool group → <u>Named Boundary</u> dropdown, choose the <u>Place Named Boundary</u> tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.



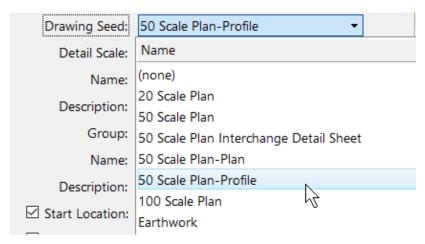


E. In the **2D Plan View** select the **Civil Plan** mode to change the data fields in the dialog box to reflect the data needed for plan sheet layout.



- F. Uncheck the boxes for the Start Location and Stop Location if they are checked.
- G. Select the **50 Scale Plan-Profile** Drawing Seed.

Note: The Drawing Seed defines default values and other parameters required to create drawings and sheets. The **Drawing Seeds** for **Civil Plan** mode are:



Also note the **Detail Scale** automatically changes to 1'' = 50' and the **Length** and **Offsets** of the sheet boundary and **Boundary Chords** change to accommodate the 1'' = 50' scale.

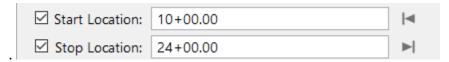
- H. Set the first Name field to be 004.
- I. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- J. Set the Group to **New** to create a new plan named boundary group.



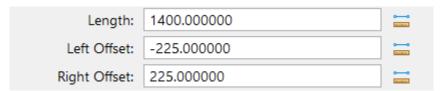
- K. The second **Name** of the Group field should be **Y11** to coincide with the alignment name. This field is automatically set when a horizontal alignment is selected.
- L. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- M. Note the prompt in the lower left corner asking to **Identify Path Element**. The user will graphically select the **Y11** alignment on screen.



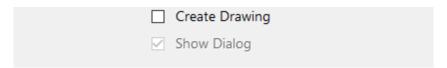
N. Key-in the Start Location (10+00) and Stop Location (24+00) and hit Enter.



O. Verify Length and Offsets.



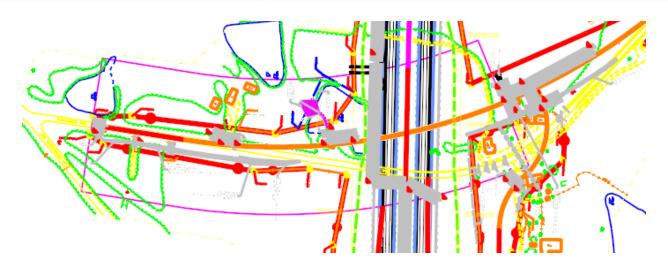
P. Uncheck the Create Drawing and Show Dialog box.



Q. Follow the prompt and **Data Point** three (3) times in the 2D **Plan View** to accept placement of the boundaries as shown. This will automatically close the dialog box.





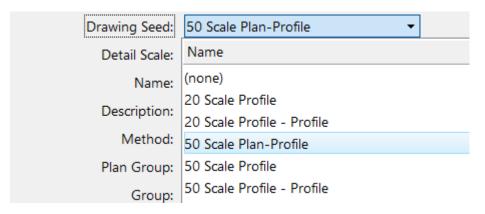


R. Open the Place Named Boundary dialog box. In the **2D Profile View** select the **Civil Profile** mode.



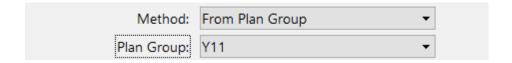
- S. Uncheck the boxes for the Start Location and Stop Location if they are checked.
- T. Select the **50 Scale Plan-Profile** Drawing Seed.

Note: The Drawing Seed defines default values and other parameters required to create drawings and sheets. The Drawing Seeds for Civil Profile mode are:

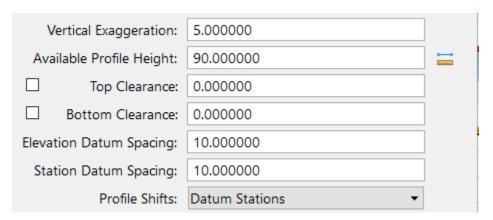




- U. Set the first Name field to be 004.
- V. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- W. Select From Plan Group as the Method.
- X. Select **Y11** as the **Plan Group**.



- Y. The second **Name** of the Group field should be **Y11** to coincide with the alignment name. This field is automatically set when a **Profile View** is selected.
- Z. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- AA. **Verify** the other settings.

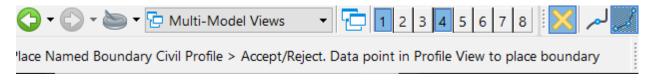


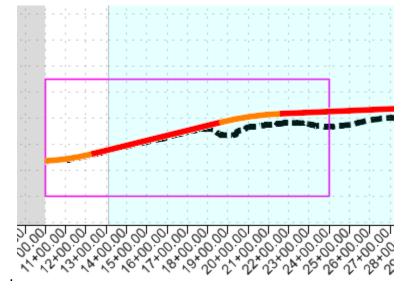


BB. Check the Create Drawing and Show Dialog box.

\square	Use Terrains
	Use Active Vertical
	Whole Conduits Only
abla	Create Drawing
	Show Dialog

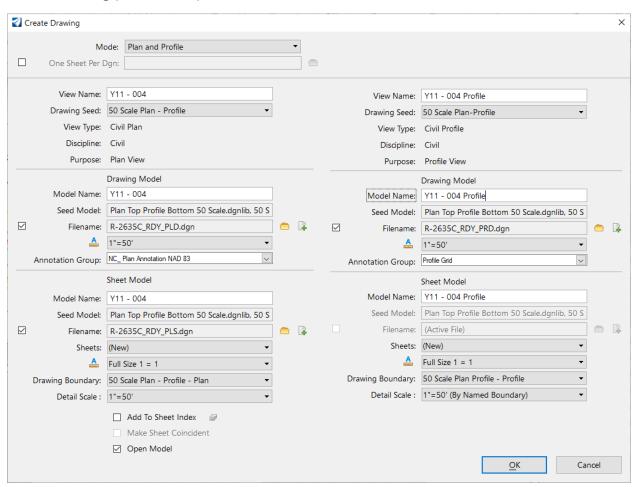
CC. Follow the prompt and **Data Point** three (3) times in the **2D Profile View** to accept placement of the boundaries as shown.







Create Drawing (Plan-Profile)





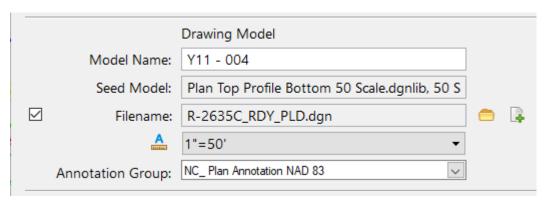
DD. **Drawing Model** options (Plan):

Filename (check on to enable):

Browse Drawing File:

C:\NCDOT Training\Roadway\Module 13 - Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets\R-2635C_RDY_PLD.dgn

Annotation Group: Select desired North Arrow NAD

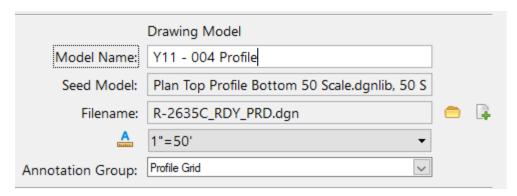


EE. Drawing Model options (Profile):

Filename (check on to enable):

Browse Drawing File:

C:\NCDOT Training\Roadway\Module 13 - Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets\R-2635C_RDY_PRD.dgn



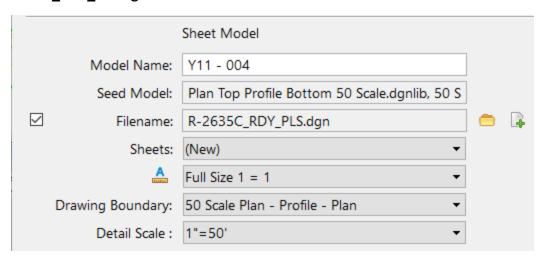


FF. Sheet Model options (Plan):

Filename (check on to enable):

Browse Drawing File:

 $C:\NCDOT\ Training\Roadway\Module\ 13-Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets\R-2635C_RDY_PLS.dgn$

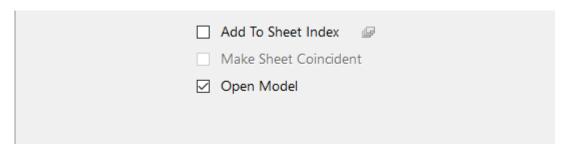


GG. Sheet Model options (Profile): No user input required.

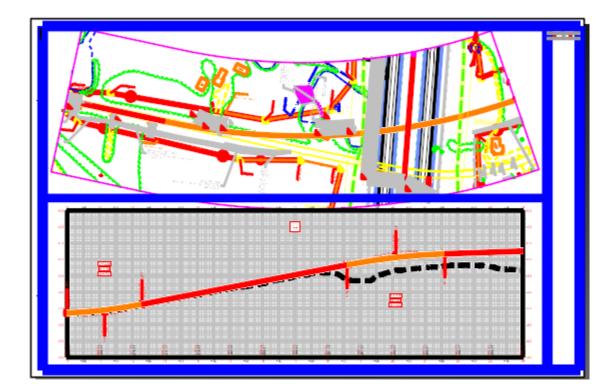




HH.Check **Open Model**.

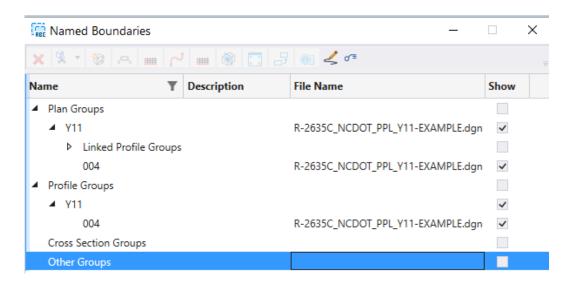


II. Click **OK** to create the drawings and sheets. Some adjustments to the plan Named Boundaries may be required by moving the reference files to fit the sheet.





JJ. **Verify** with the **Name Boundary Manager** in the **R-2635C_RDY_PPL_Y11-EXAMPLE1.dgn** file.



THE COLO

Module 13 – Sheeting

Exercise 9 – Plan (Top) - Plan (Bottom) Sheet

On some bridge projects with more than 1400' stations (less than 2800'), it may not be necessary to place them on two sheets. We can create the Plan (Top) - Plan (Bottom) sheet named boundary layout in the file *R-2635C_RDY_PPL_Y11-EXAMPLE2.dgn* to account for the extended limits without the need of two (2) sheets. Y11 is **Jenks Road** the second grade separation to the right of the first interchange sheet **006**.

- A. Open the *R-2635C_RDY_PPL_Y11-EXAMPLE2.dgn* in the Roadway\Sheets folder.
- B. Have the **Plan View** opened.
- C. Place Named Boundaries

Workflow

- 1. In the **PPL** open the **Plan View** of **Y11** (required).
- 2. Select the Civil Plan Mode and Drawing Seed.
- 3. Set the station limits as desired.
- 4. Modify other fields and toggles as needed.
- 5. **Enable** the **Create Drawing** toggle.
- 6. **Data Point** in the **Plan View** to place the named boundaries
- D. Under the *Drawing Production* Tab → *Named Boundary* tool group → *Named Boundary* dropdown, choose the **Place Named Boundary** tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.



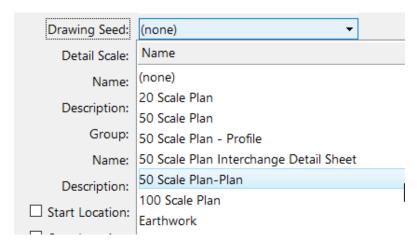


E. In the **2D Plan View** select the **Civil Plan** mode to change the data fields in the dialog box to reflect the data needed for plan sheet layout.



- F. Uncheck the boxes for the Start Location and Stop Location if they are checked.
- G. Select the **50 Scale Plan-Plan** Drawing Seed.

Note: The Drawing Seed defines default values and other parameters required to create drawings and sheets. The **Drawing Seeds** for **Civil Plan** mode are:

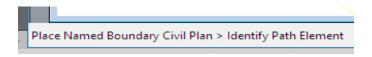


Also note the **Detail Scale** automatically changes to 1'' = 50' and the **Length** and **Offsets** of the sheet boundary and **Boundary Chords** change to accommodate the 1'' = 50' scale.

- H. Set the first Name field to be 004.
- I. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- J. Set the Group to **New** to create a new plan named boundary group.



- K. The second **Name** of the Group field should be **Y11** to coincide with the alignment name. This field is automatically set when a horizontal alignment is selected.
- L. A **Description** can be entered but the Name alone is typically sufficient.
- M. Note the prompt in the lower left corner asking to **Identify Path Element**. The user will graphically select the **Y11** alignment on screen.



N. Use the **left and right arrow buttons** to lock the beginning **Start Location** and ending **Stop Location** stations.



O. Verify Length and Offsets.



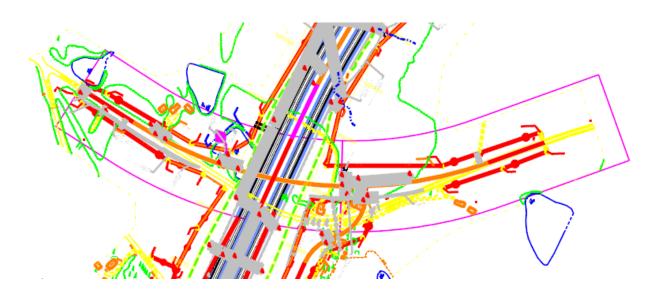
P. Check on the Create Drawing and Show Dialog box.





Q. Follow the prompt and **Data Point** three (3) times in the 2D **Plan View** to accept placement of the boundaries as shown.

Place Named Boundary Civil Plan > Accept/Reject. Data point in Plan View to place boundary





Create Drawing (Plan-Plan)

Create Drawing	×
M- ☐ One Sheet Per I	ode: Plan ▼ Dgn:
View Name: Drawing Seed: View Type: Discipline: Purpose:	Civil Plan Civil
Model Name: Seed Model: ✓ Filename: Annotation Group:	Drawing Model Y11 - 004 Plan Dual 50 Scale.dgnlib, PLN_D- R-2635C_RDY_PLD.dgn 1"=50' NC_ Plan Annotation NAD 83 NSRS 2007
Model Name: Seed Model: Filename: Sheets: Drawing Boundary: Detail Scale:	Full Size 1 = 1 Plan Dual 50 Scale - A ▼
	Make Sheet Coincident ✓ Open Model OK Cancel



R. **Drawing Model** options:

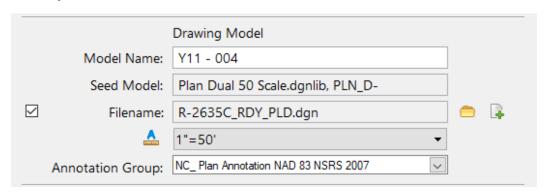
Filename (check on to enable):

Browse Drawing File:

 $\label{lem:condition} C:\NCDOT\ Training\Roadway\Module\ 13-Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets\R-extraction Research Res$

2635C_RDY_PLD.dgn

Annotation Group: Select desired North Arrow NAD

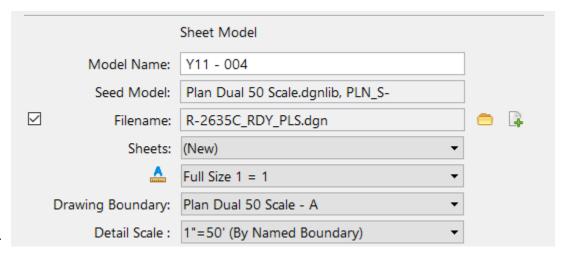


S. Sheet Model options:

Filename (check on to enable):

Browse Drawing File:

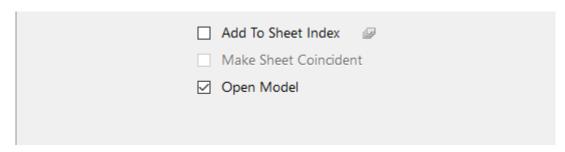
 $C:\NCDOT\ Training\Roadway\Module\ 13-Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets\R-2635C_RDY_PLS.dgn$



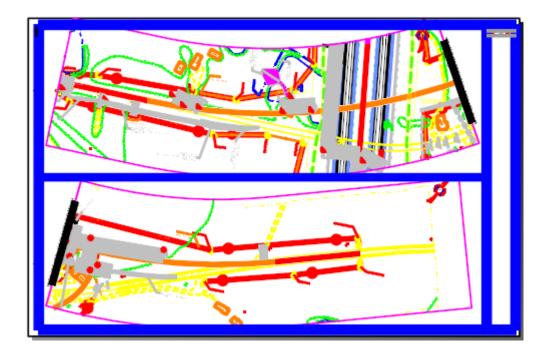
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T. Check **Open Model**.

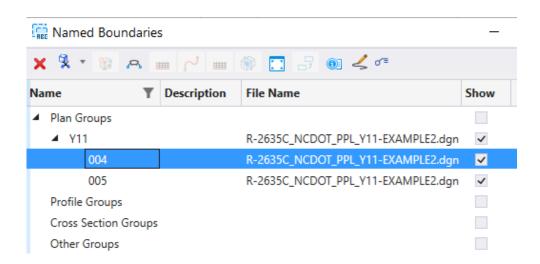


U. Click **OK** to create the drawings and sheets. Adjustments to the reference file is sometime needed to move the named boundaries to fit within the borders.





V. **Verify with** the **Name Boundary Manager** in the **R-2635C_RDY_PPL_Y11-EXAMPLE2.dgn** file. Note you may rename 005 to **004B** (bottom) for clarity.



Exercise 10 – Cross Section Sheets

Now let's create the cross section sheets. Note that the intent is each corridor is layout separately in order that intersecting corridors (grade separation) will not display, not unless this is desired by the user.

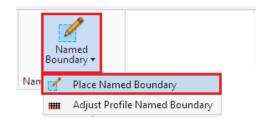
A. Open the R-2635C_RDY_XPL_L.dgn (XS Port Layout) provided in the **Roadway\Sheets** folder:

C:\NCDOT Training\Roadway\Module 13 - Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets\

Common XPL Reference Files:

CMD, ALG and Existing Terrain

- B. Workflow
 - 1. Open both a **2D Plan** and **3D Views** (required).
 - 2. Select the **Drawing Seed**.
 - 3. Graphically ID the horizontal geometry in the 2D view.
 - 4. Set the **Start** and **Stop** station values.
 - 5. Modify other fields and toggles as needed.
 - 6. Enable the **Create Drawing** toggle.
 - 7. Data point in the 2D view to place named boundaries.
 - 8. Select **OK** on the **Create Drawing** dialog to create drawings and sheets.
- C. Under the <u>Drawing Production</u> Tab → Named Boundary tool group → Named Boundary dropdown, choose the Place Named Boundary tool to access the Place Named Boundary dialog box.







D. Select the Civil Cross Section mode.



NOTE: You must have both the 2D default view and the 3D model view open before you place the named boundaries.

Below are the descriptions of the data fields for creating plan sheets:

	,
Drawing Seed	Specifies the drawing seed that sets default values for all of the values on the dialog except the start and stop locations. Also contains definitions for what seed files are used to create the cross sections drawing and seed models including how the drawings are positioned on the sheets.
Detail Scale	Sets the scale at which the named boundary will be placed.
Name	Enter name of the named boundary.
Description	Enter brief description for the new group.
Group	Selects the named boundary group. You can also create a new group by selecting New from the drop-down.
Name	Enter name of the new group.
Description	Enter brief description for the new group.
Start Location	Sets the begin station.
Stop Location	Sets the stop station.

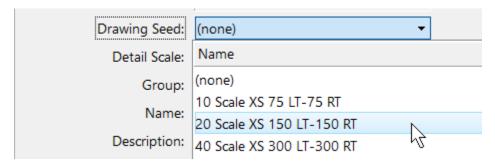


Length	(Available only when By Length is selected) Sets the length, along the path element, of the named boundary element. Also determines the location, along the path, of subsequent boundary elements. If you use the Measure Distance tool next to the field the measured distance displays in the Length field.	
Left Offset	(Available only when By Length is selected) Sets the distance from left of the path. If you use the Measure Distance tool next to the field, the measured distance displays in the Left Offset field.	
Right Offset	(Available only when By Length is selected) Sets the distance from right of the path. If you use the Measure Distance tool next to the field, the measured distance displays in the Right Offset field.	
Interval	Specifies the spacing between consecutive cross sections.	
Vertical Exaggeration	Specifies the vertical exaggeration for displayed cross sections. Values greater than 1.0 for this parameter increase the exaggeration.	
Top Clearance	Enables the top clearance to enter a value.	
Bottom Clearance	Enables the bottom clearance to enter a value.	
Elevation Datum Spacing	When a profile is shifted, the starting elevation will always be a multiple of this this value.	
Include Event Points Only	Adds Horizontal and Vertical Event points.	
Include Control Points	Adds cross sections at horizontal control points such as PC and PT.	



Backward Facing	When toggled on, the named boundary is created from right to left instead of left to right. This causes a cut view that faces the descending direction of the alignment. It will be possible to open files created in 10.08.00.88 in this version and vice versa. The Backward Facing attribute will be true on named boundaries that are created with the Backward Facing option toggled on. It will be false otherwise.
Create Drawing	When enabled, the process to create the cross section sheets is automatically started after the named boundaries are created. When disabled, the named boundaries are created but the sheets are not created.
Show Dialog	When enabled, a dialog with additional parameters set by the Drawing Seed is shown.

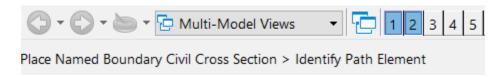
E. Select the **20 Scale XS 150 LT-150 RT** Drawing Seed.



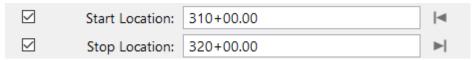
- F. Set the **Group** to **(New)**.
- G. The **Name** of the Group will automatically be set when selecting the **horizontal** alignment.



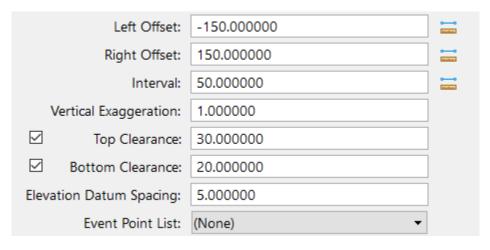
- H. **Description** is optional.
- I. Note the prompt in the lower left corner asking to **Identify Path Element**. The user will graphically select the **L** alignment on screen.



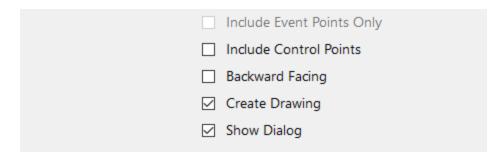
J. Key-in the **Start Location** (310+00), **Stop Location** 320+00) and hit **Enter**.



K. Verify remaining value based on the Drawing Seed selection.

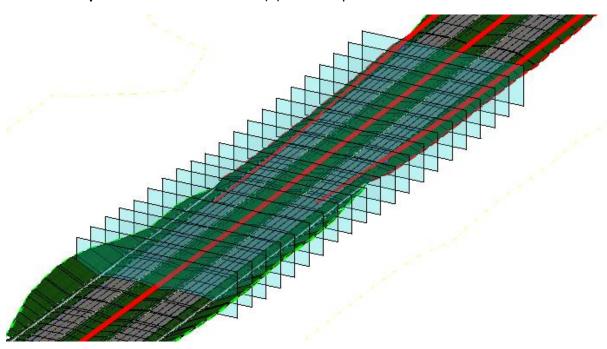


L. Check Create Drawing and Show Dialog Box.





M. Data point in the 2D view three (3) times to place the named boundaries.





Create Drawing (Cross Section)

 Cre	eate Drawing		×
	Mo One Sheet Per [ode: Cross Section Ogn:	•
	View Name: Drawing Seed: View Type: Discipline: Purpose:	Civil Cross Section Civil	
	Model Name: Seed Model: Filename: Annotation Group:	Drawing Model L - 310+00.00-1 XS 20 Scale.dgnlib, 20 Scale XSD - 1+00.00 R-2635C_RDY_XSD_L.dgn 1"=20' ▼ XS Grid with Annotation 20 Scale	-
	Model Name: Seed Model: Filename: Sheets: A Drawing Boundary: Detail Scale:	(New) ▼ Full Size 1 = 1 ▼ 20 Scale XS ▼	
		 Add To Sheet Index Make Sheet Coincident ✓ Open Model OK	Cancel

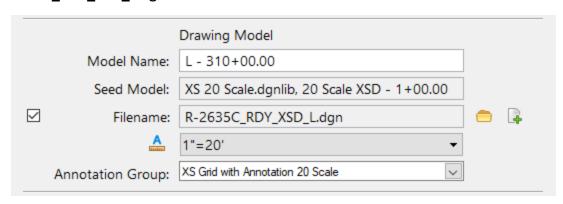


N. Drawing Model options:

Filename (check on to enable):

Browse Drawing File:

C:\NCDOT Training\Roadway\Module 13 - Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets\R-2635C_RDY_XSD_L.dgn

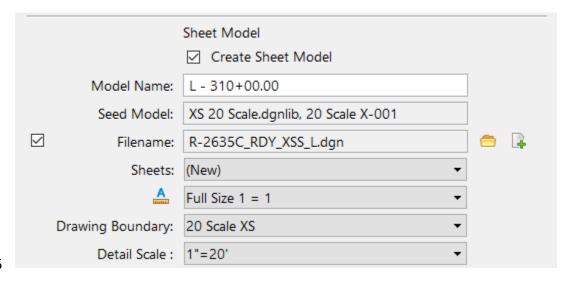


O. Sheet Model options:

Filename (check on to enable):

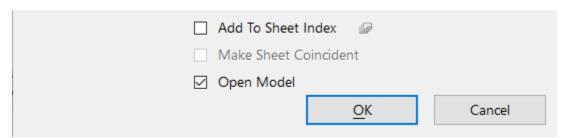
Browse Drawing File:

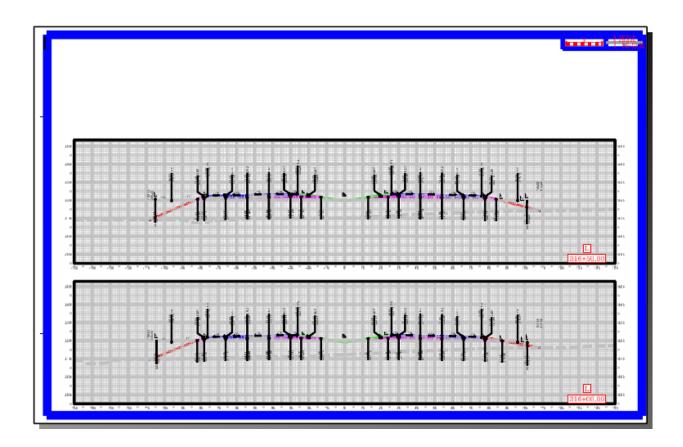
 $C:\NCDOT\ Training\Roadway\Module\ 13-Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets\R-2635C_RDY_XSS_L.dgn$





P. Check the **Open Model** box and click the **OK** button to create drawings and sheets.







Exercise 11 – WorkSet, DGNWS, & Sheet Index

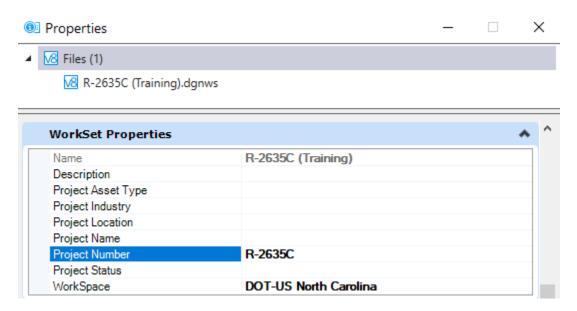
Sheet Index is a **core Microstation function** to organize, group and re-number the **WorkSet** (Project) sheets. It works together with **Microstation Print, Print Organizer**, and **Pen Tables** (.tbl) to offer an extensive post-reproduction functionality. Sheet Index reads the **WorkSet DGNWS** file as its data source.

Project TIP Number

The **Project TIP Number** can automatically be entered on most sheets by directly editing the WorkSet **DGNWS** file. A DGNWS file is like any other DGN file you can open with Microstation. For most Projects, the DGNWS will be stored in a **WorkSet** folder. For this training, it is stored under:

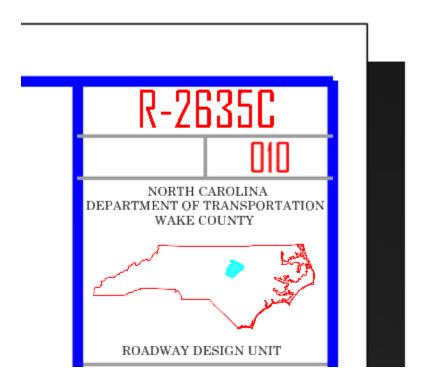
C:\NCDOT Training\Roadway\Training-RD R-2635C\WorkSet\Training-RD_R-2635C.dgnws

- **A.** Open the file **Training-RD_R-2635C.dgnws.** Set File Type to All Files (*.*).
- B. Click **File** >>> **Properties**.
- C. Under the WorkSet Properties heading key-in "R-2635C" as the Project Number.





- D. Save Settings and Exit out of the file.
- E. Open a sheet model produced in earlier exercises and the **Project TIP Number** should automatically display in the upper right corner of the sheet.

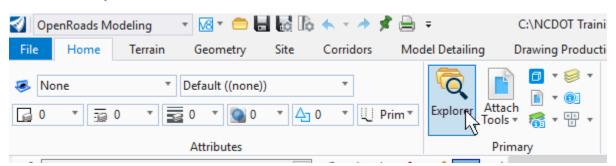




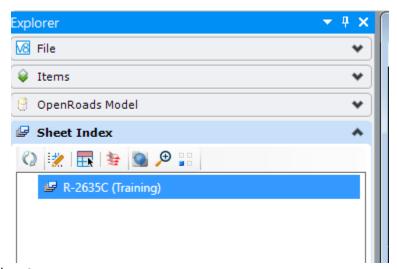
Sheet Index

Workflow

- 1. Create the **folder structure**.
- 2. Edit the **folder properties**, e.g., starting sheet number.
- 3. Add sheet models into the folder (create sheet numbers).
- 4. Manage and access any sheets from any location within the WorkSet (Project).
- 5. Print, Print Organizer and PDF Creation
- A. Sheet Index can be edited from any DGN file within the WorkSet (Project). Open the **R-2635C_RDY_XPL_L.dgn** in the Roadway\Sheets folder.
- B. Click on the **Explorer** tool button.



C. Click on the Sheet Index heading

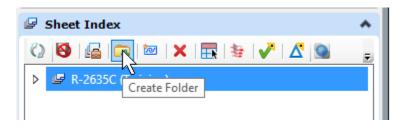




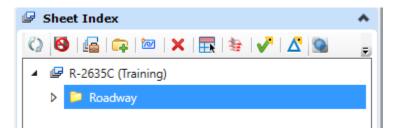
D. Click on **Open Sheet Index for Edit**. If there are existing folders already created, please delete them.



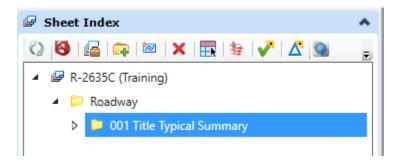
E. Click on Create Folder.



F. Key-in **Roadway** as the folder name.

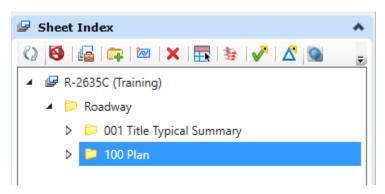


G. While selecting the **Roadway** folder create a subfolder and name it **001 Title Typical Summary.**

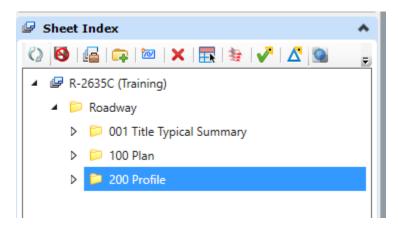




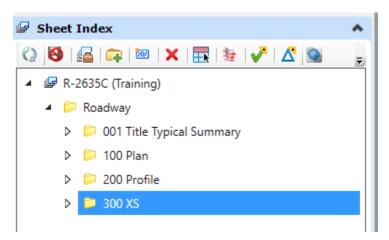
H. While selecting the **Roadway** folder create a subfolder and name it **100 Plan**.



I. While selecting the **Roadway** folder create a subfolder and name it **200 Profile**.



J. While selecting the **Roadway** folder create a subfolder and name it **300 XS**.

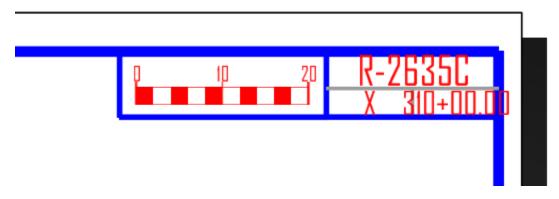


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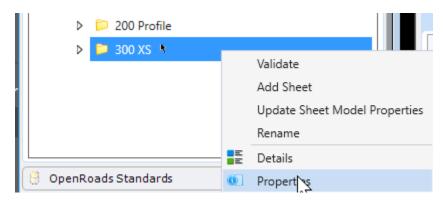


Sheet index can be used to renumber any plan, profile or cross section sheet as long as it is a **Microstation Sheet Model**. In this exercise we will renumber the cross section (XS) sheets.

Before

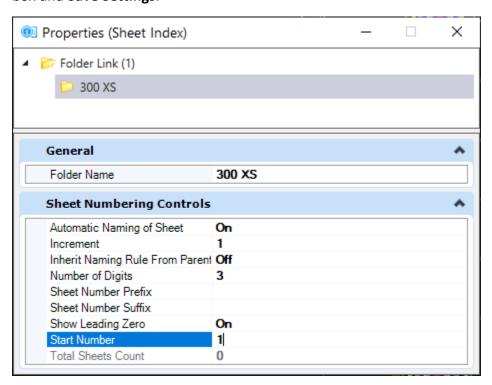


K. Right mouse click the **300 XS** folder and select **Properties**.

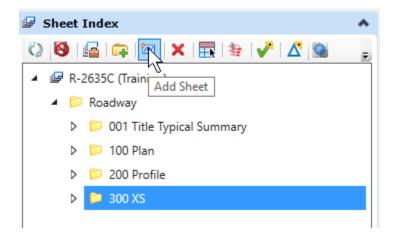




L. Verify and edit if necessary these settings in **Sheet Numbering Controls**, **Close** the dialog box and **Save Settings**.



M. While selecting the **300 XS** folder click on **Add Sheet**.

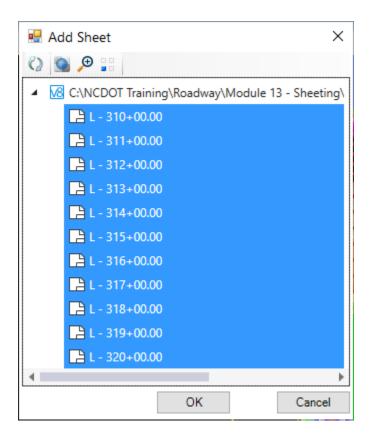




N. Browse to:

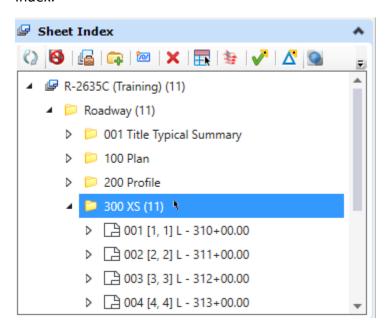
 $C:\NCDOT\ Training\Roadway\Module\ 13\ -\ Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets\R-2635C_RDY_XSS_L.dgn$

O. Select all the sheet models and click **OK**.



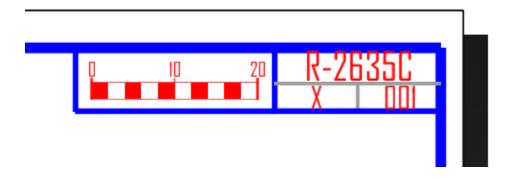


Sheets are now added to this folder and renumbered as part of the WorkSet (Project) Sheet Index.



You may access and open these sheets from any DGN file location (Windows file folder permissible) within the WorkSet (Project) simply by double clicking on it.

After





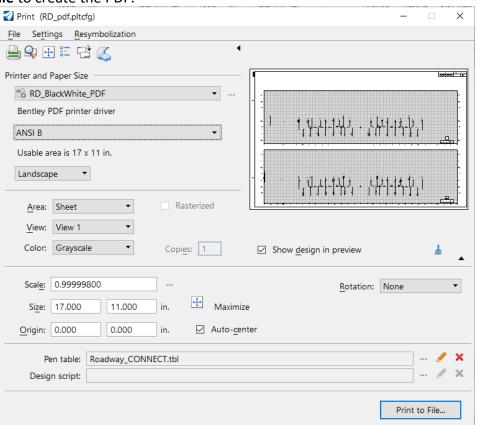
Print, Print Organizer, & PDF Creation

Unlike iPlot and iPlot drivers where we can directly print from Microstation to the plotter, the procedure now is to create a PDF and then print if necessary.

A. To create a **PDF** from a **Microstation Sheet Model**, simply click on the **Print** icon in the **Quick Access Toolbar** (upper left corner).



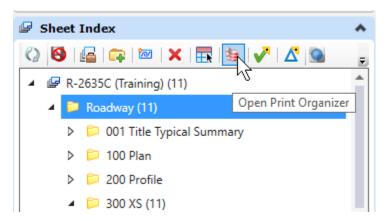
B. Note the default settings as configured in the WorkSpace. Adjust as needed and click **Print to File** to create the PDF.



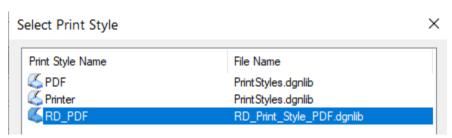


Print Organizer (.pset) is similar to iPlot Organizer (.ips) in terms of functionality. It can be used to organize, group and store the WorkSet (Project) sheets for post-reproduction work.

A. **Print Organizer** can be accessed in a couple of ways. One method is through **Sheet Index**. Select the root folder of your Unit and click on **Open Print Organizer**.

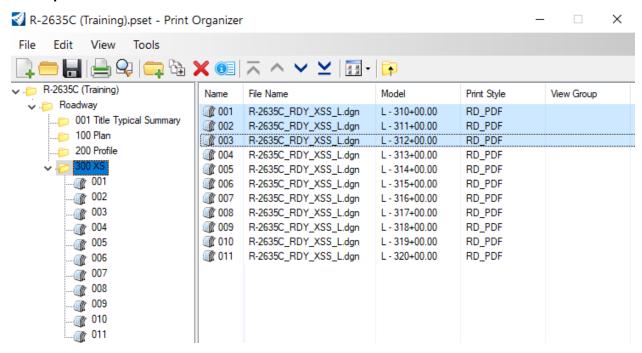


B. Select **RD_PDF** as the **Print Style**.

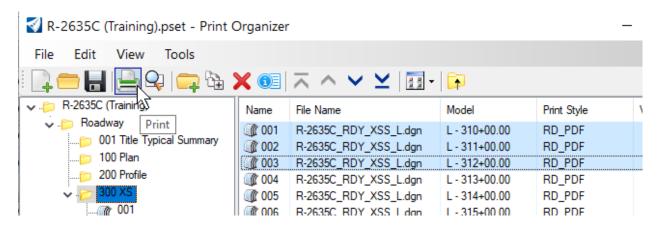




C. **Expand** the folder and select the sheets to create the PDF.

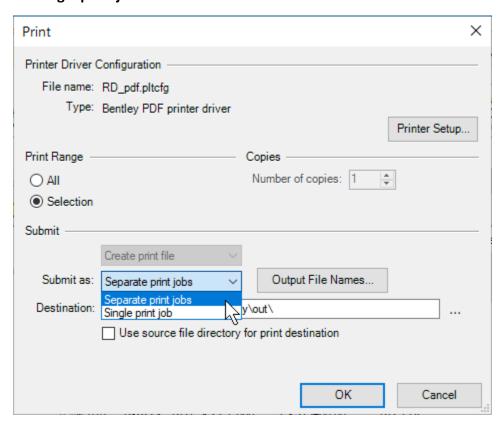


D. Click on the Print button





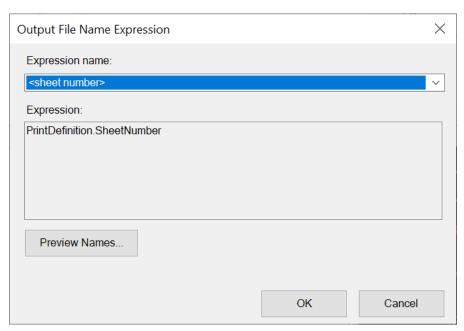
- E. In the Print dialog box, **Submit as** has two (2) options:
 - Separate print jobs each sheet in each PDF
 - Single print jobs all sheets in one PDF



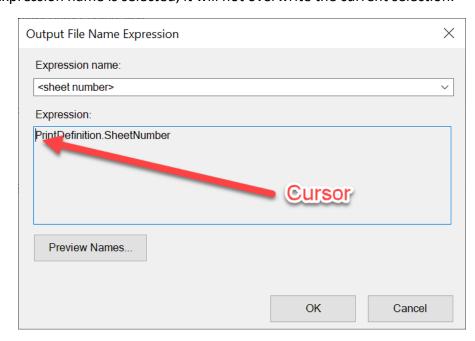


E1. If **Separate print jobs** is selected, an option to **Output File Names** is available. Users can customize the **PDF file name** with **sheet numbers**.

First in the **Expression Name** drop-down list select **<sheet number>**. This will display as "PrintDefinition.SheetNumber" in the **Expression** field.

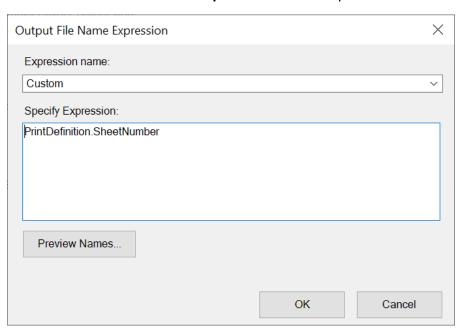


Next in the **Expression** field place the cursor prompt in front of the expression "PrintDefintion.SheetNumber". This step is necessary because in the next step when another expression name is selected, it will not overwrite the current selection.

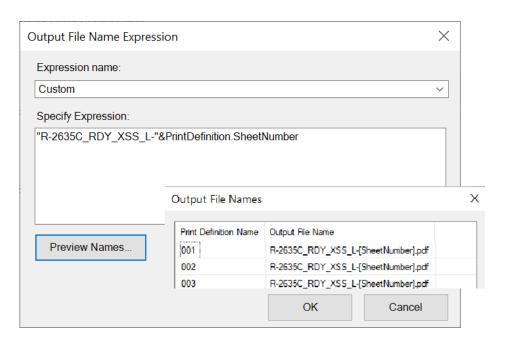




Next select *Custom* from the **Expression Name** drop-down list.



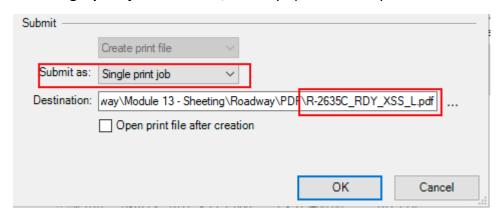
Next place the cursor in front of the "PrintDefinition.SheetNumber" field again and key-in the following text including the quotation marks "R-2635C_RDY_XSS_L-"&. Click on the Preview Names button to verify the desired output PDF names.





Lastly click **OK** and **OK** the second time to close out of the dialog boxes.

E2. If **Single print job** is selected, the only option is to key in the desired **PDF filename**.



- F. Review the created PDF(s).
- G. Save this file (R-2635C (Training).pset) for future use in the appropriate Project folder.
 - C:\NCDOT Training\Roadway\Module 13 Sheeting\Roadway\Sheets

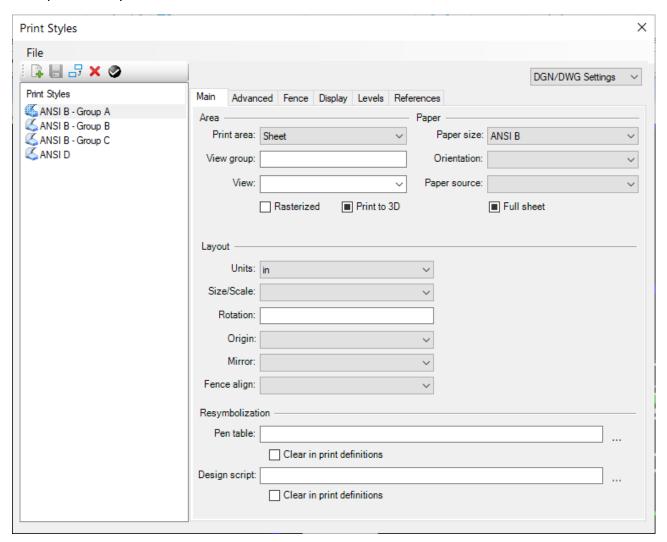


Print Styles, Printer Driver Configuration, & Pen Tables

Print Style (.dgnlib)

Stored in a WorkSpace DGNLIB, it is used with Print Organizer, outside the Microstation Print dialog box. It sets some of the print definition values for each plan set print.

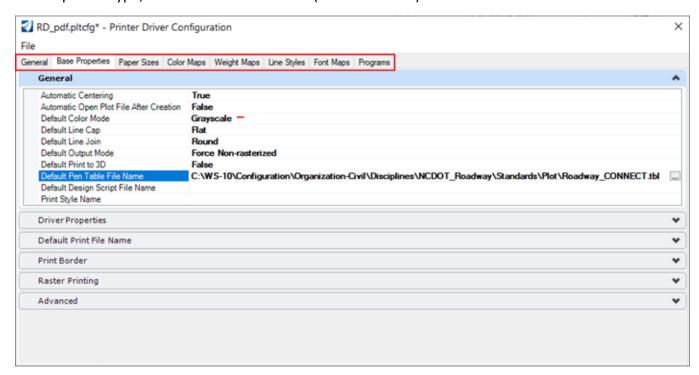
Multiple Print Styles can be saved in one DGNLIB.





Printer Driver Configuration (.pltcfg)

The PLTCFG stores the settings for the Microstation Print dialog box and it is a device "printer-specific", e.g. Microsoft Windows, PostScript, PDF (Print to File) printers. It saves the users from entering all the necessary information into the Print dialog box every time they want to print something. It is recommended a PLTCFG be created for each printer name or a group of similar printer type, model and manufacturer (user selectable).

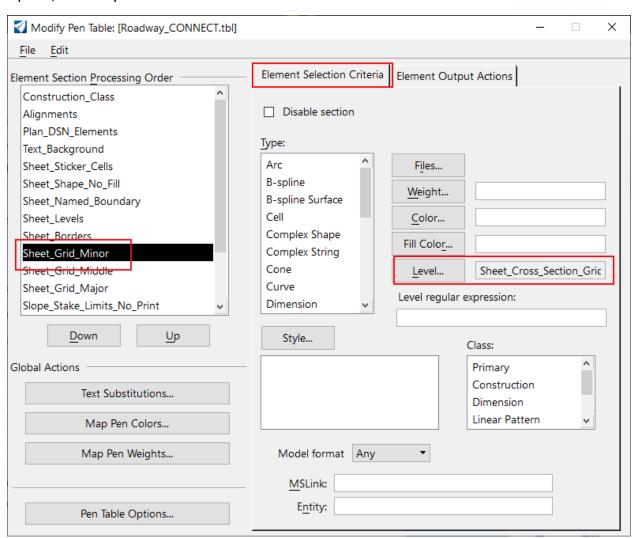




Pen Table (.tbl)

Developed mainly for Microstation Print, but starting with SS3 you may include a pen table (.tbl) with iPlot. Similar to design scripts (.pen) for iPlot, it is used to change the printed output of a Microstation DGN file.

Pen tables work with a Search Criteria (level_name, element type, class, etc.) and the Output Option, aka "resymbolization".



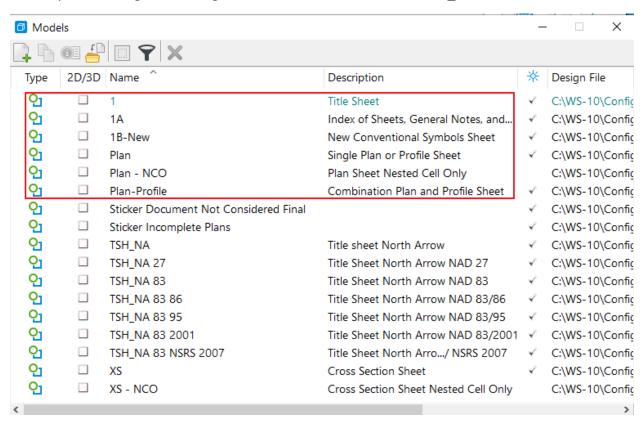


Exercise 12 - Front End Sheets - (1, 2 & 3 Series)

The rest of the plan sheets such as **title**, **typical**, **details**, **summaries** are produced as in the past with design elements being drawn into the files.

The sheet borders for these types of sheets are contain in the cell library (.cel).

{WorkSpace}\Configuration\Organization-Civil\NCDOT\Cell\NCDOT_Sheets.cel



Note there is a **seed file** in the WorkSpace which can be used to create the Title, **1A and 1B** Sheets.

{WorkSpace} NCDOT Roadway\Standards\Seed\Seed2D -TSH_1A_1B.dgn



□ Models – □ X								
Type	2D/3E	Name ^	Description	*	A	Design File		
•		1 Title Design	Design Model Title Sheet	∢′	∢	C:\WS-10\Conf\Seed2D -T:		
		1 Title Sheet	Sheet Model Title Sheet	✓		C:\WS-10\Conf\Seed2D -T:		
인		1A Design	Design Model 1A Sheet	✓	\checkmark	C:\WS-10\Conf\Seed2D -T!		
		1A Sheet	Sheet Model 1A Sheet	✓		C:\WS-10\Conf\Seed2D -T!		
인		1B Design	Design Model 1B Sheet	✓	\checkmark	C:\WS-10\Conf\Seed2D -T!		
		1B Sheet	Sheet Model 1B Sheet	✓		C:\WS-10\Conf\Seed2D -T!		
<						>		

1 (Title) Sheet

- A. Create a new file called **R-2635C_RDY_TSH.dgn** and place it in the Roadway\Sheets folder.
- B. Reference the necessary files:

Final Survey folder

R-2635C_NCDOT_FS.dgn (for creeks, river and major water boundaries)

Roadway\Alignment folder

R-2635C_RDY_ALG.dgn (Nested Depth=1 for horizontal alignments)

Roadway\Design folder

R-2635C_RDY_CMD.dgn (for road EOP and bridges)

Roadway\Sheets folder

R-2635C_RDY_PPL_INTERCHANGE.dgn (for the name boundaries)

C. Use the corners of the first and last Named Boundaries to rotate the view (Method = 2 Points) so the project runs left to right.



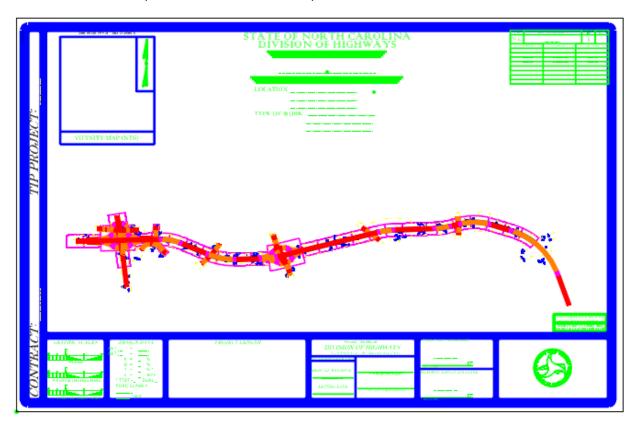


D. Place the Title Sheet cell around the named boundaries. The cell library is located in: {WorkSpace}\Configuration\Organization-Civil\NCDOT\Cell\NCDOT_Sheets.cel

Cell Name: 1

Cell Description: **Title Sheet**

Cell Scale: 17500 (disable Annotation Scale)

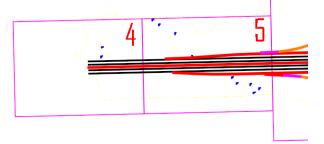


E. Use the Microstation **Place Text Along** (Below Element) to label the sheet number for each Named Boundary. May need to move down slightly after placement.

Level Name: Sheet_Title_Block_Text

Text Font: Agency FB

Text Size: 250 (disable Annotation Scale





F. Label the beginning and ending of project.

Level Name:

P_RDY_Dimension (leader line)

P_RDY_Dimension_Text

Terminator- OpenRoads Modeling (Workflow) >>> Drawing (Tab) >>> Placement (Group)

>>> Place Active Line Terminator

Cell Name: TERMINATOR (Roadway Plan.cel)

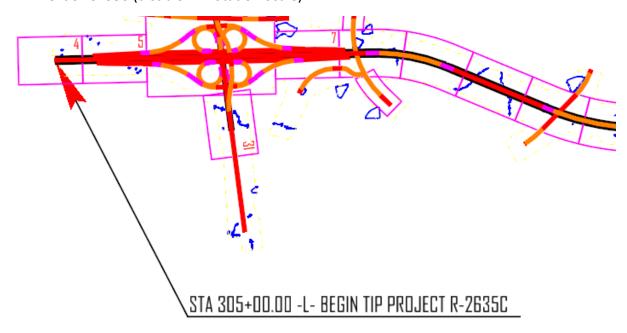
Cell Scale: 150

Text:

STA 305+00.00 -L- BEGIN TIP PROJECT R-2635C STA 688+31.96 -L- END TIP PROJECT R-2635C

Text Font: Agency FB

Text Size: 350 (disable Annotation Scale)



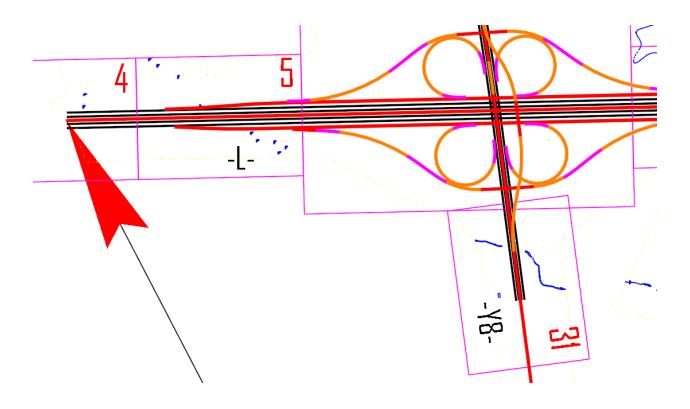


G. Label the alignments.

Level Name: P_RDY_Dimension_Text

Text Font: Agency FB

Text Size: 200 (disable Annotation Scale)





H. Rotate to **Top** view and place the **North Arrow** specifically for Title Sheets (and hearing maps).

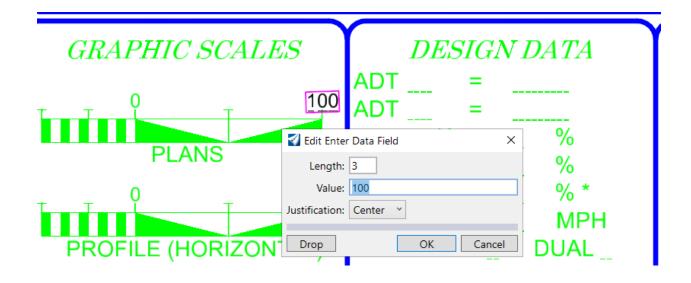
Cell Name: **TSH_NA 83** (NCDOT_Sheets.cel) Cell Scale: **1250** (disable Annotation Scale)

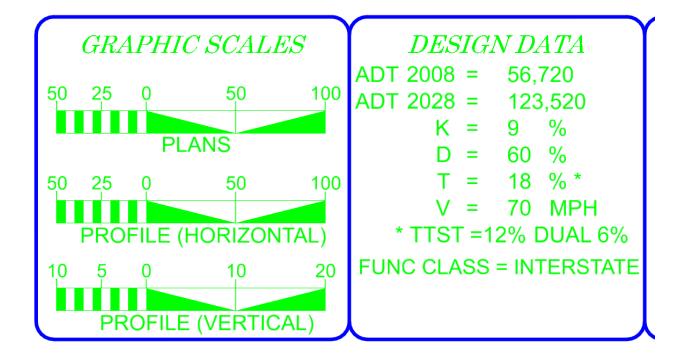


I. Use the Microstation **Edit Data Field** command to enter the **Scales** and **DESIGN DATA** values.

OpenRoads Modeling (Workflow) >>> Drawing Production (Tab) >>> Text (Group) >>> Fill In Single Enter-Data Field









J. Enter the **PROJECT LENGTH** information. **Smart Match** the "**ADT**" text in the Design Data field to use as the level and text attributes.

PROJECT LENGTH

LENGTH ROADWAY STATE PROJECT R-2635C = 7.017 MILES

LENGTH STRUCTURES STATE PROJECT R-2635C = 0.189 MILES

TOTAL LENGTH STATE PROJECT R-2635C = 7.260 MILES

- K. Fill in the rest of the information in the bottom portion of the sheet as needed.
- L. At the top center of the sheet fill in the COUNTY, LOCATION, and TYPE OF WORK information (as data fields).

COUNTY: WAKE COUNTY

LOCATION: WESTERN WAKE PARKWAY (I-540) FROM | SOUTH US 64 TO NC 55

TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, DRAINAGE, STRUCTURES, PAVING, | GUARDRAIL, SIGNING,

SIGNALS, ITS, AND TOLL FACILITIES

WAKE COUNTY

LOCATION: WESTERN WAKE PARKWAY (I-540) FROM SOUTH US 64 TO NC 55

TYPE OF WORK: GRADING, DRAINAGE, STRUCTURES, PAVING,

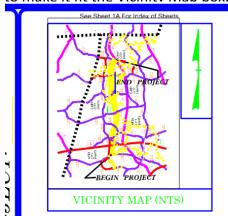
GUARDRAIL, SIGNING, SIGNALS, ITS, AND TOLL FACILITIES



M. Fill in the project information block in the upper right corner of the sheet.

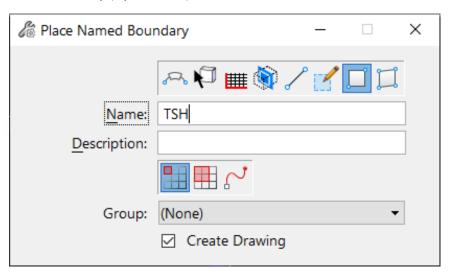
STA	TE PROJECT REFERENCE NO.	SHEET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS		
	R-2635C	11			
E PROJ. NO.	F. A. PROJ. NO.	DESCRIE	DESCRIPTION		
520.1.1		P.E	P.E.		
520.2.1		R/W, UTIL.			
	е proj. no. 520.1.1	E PROJ. NO. F. A. PROJ. NO. 520.1.1	R-2635C 1 1 DESCRIP		

- N. Fill in the **CONTRACT** (when applicable) and **TIP PROJECT** information in the left side of the sheet.
- O. Attach the **Vicinity Map** by referencing the file **R-2635C_RDY_VIC.dgn** in the Roadway\Design folder. Use the Named Boundary **Vmap** for the rotation (true north). **Rescale** (by 2 Points) to make it fit the Vicinity Map box.





P. Place a Named Boundary (by 2 Points) called **TSH** around the sheet borders.



- Q. Data Point to the **top left corner** of the sheet boundary, then the bottom right corner and then Data Point onscreen to complete the placement of the Named Boundary.
- R. A **Create Drawing** dialog box should then appear. Set the following settings.

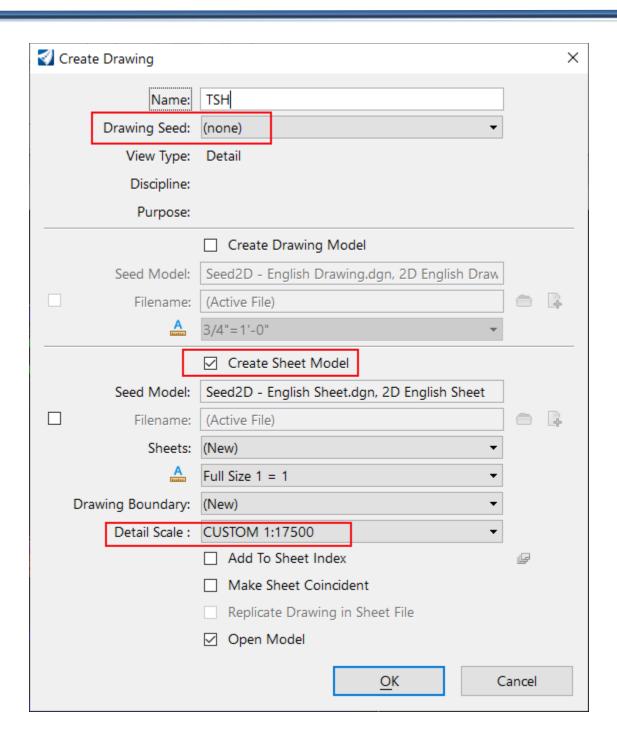
Drawing Seed: None

Create Sheet Model: **Checked** (enabled)

Detail Scale (Paper:Drawing): **CUSTOM 1:17500** (TSH cell size)

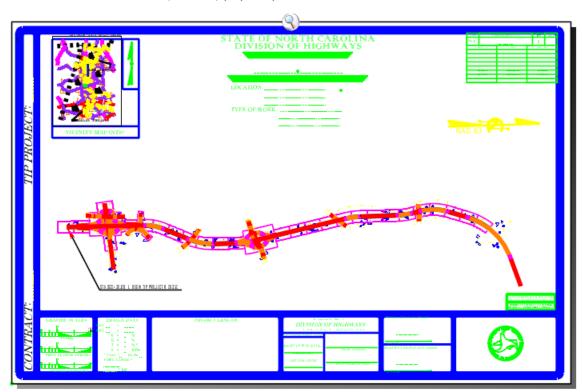
Open Model: **Checked** (enabled)







S. Click **OK** and the sheet model **TSH** is created, rescaled to 1:1 and rotated automatically to fit a full size 22"x34" (ANSI D) paper space.

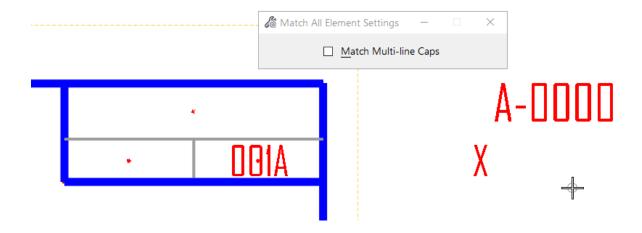






1A (Index of Sheets, Notes & Standards) and 1B (Symbology) Sheets

A. For the 1A Sheet, in the **1A Design** model fill in the necessary information for Index of Sheets, Standards and General Notes. Smart Match the text **A-0000** to the right of the title block (upper right corner).

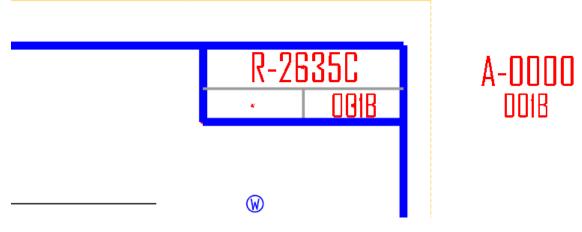


B. Place Text (disabled Annotation Scale) the TIP Number **R-2635C** in the top title block.





C. In the **1B Design** model, **Smart Match** the text A-0000 and **Place Text** (disabled Annotation Scale) the TIP Number **R-2635C** in the top title block.



D. Verify the TIP Number is in the **1A Sheet** and **1B Sheet** models.

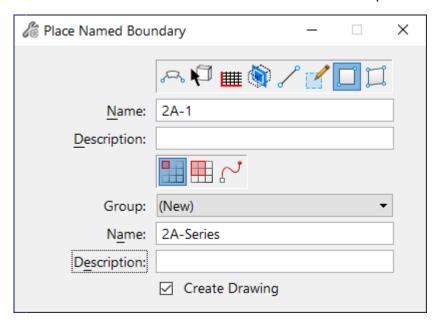
		7
	R-2635C	A-0000 0018
WATER:		
Water Manhole —	(0	
Water Meter —	0	
Water Valve ————	⊗	
Water Hydrant —	♦	
U/G Water Line Test Hole (SUE - LOS A)* —	•	
U/G Water Line (SUE - LOS B)*		



2-Series (Typical Section) Sheets

The objective for this exercise is not to teach how to create typical sections, but rather how to create the sheets once all the typical sections and pavement schedules are complete.

- A. Open the file **R-2635C_RDY_TYP.dgn** in the Roadway\Sheets folder.
- B. The first Typical Section Sheet (2A-1) is on top. **Place** a Named Boundary (by 2 Points) called **2A-1** around the sheet borders. Create a new Group called **2A-Series**.



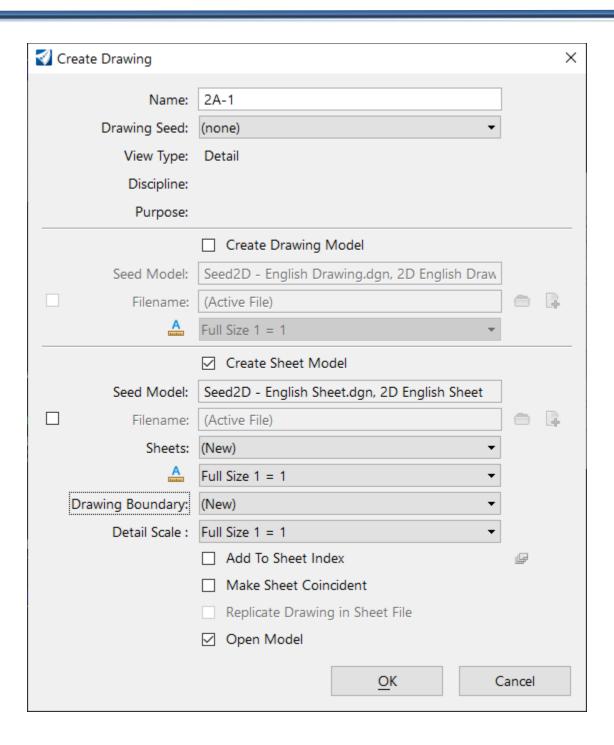
C. In the **Create Drawing** dialog box set the following settings.

Drawing Seed: None

Create Sheet Model: **Checked** (enabled)
Detail Scale (Paper:Drawing): **Full Size 1 = 1**

Open Model: Checked (enabled)

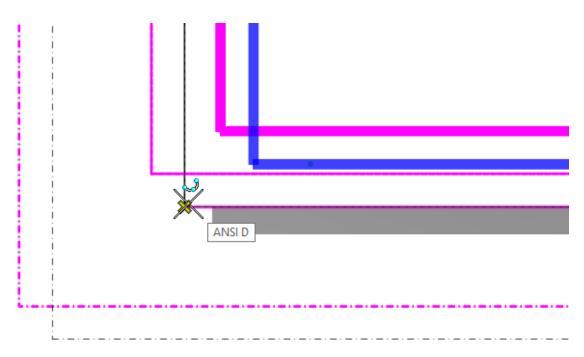




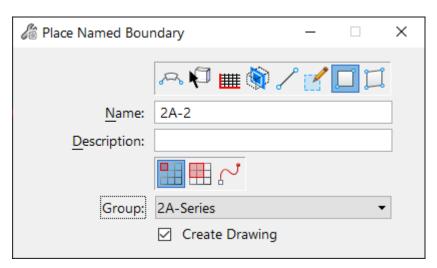


D. Adjust the reference file by moving it to the bottom left corner of the sheet.

E.



F. Go back to the **Default** model and **Place** a Named Boundary (by 2 Points) called **2A-2** around the sheet borders under the first sheet . Add to the existing Group called **2A-Series**.



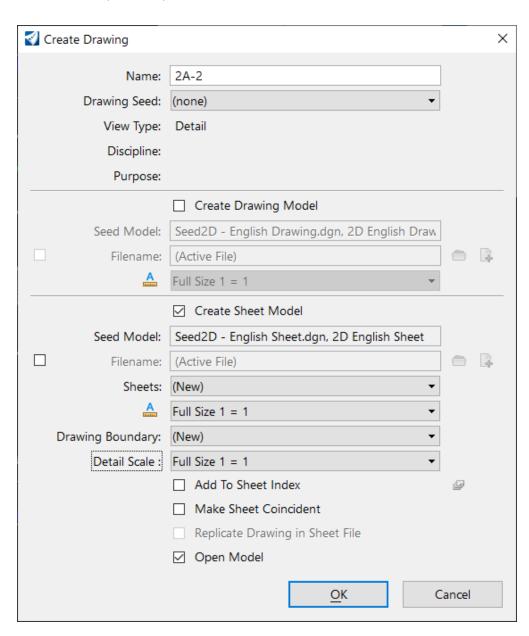


G. In the **Create Drawing** dialog box set the following settings.

Drawing Seed: None

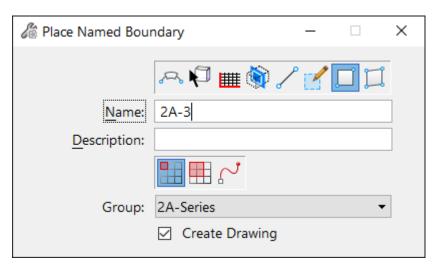
Create Sheet Model: **Checked** (enabled)
Detail Scale (Paper:Drawing): **Full Size 1 = 1**

Open Model: Checked (enabled)





- H. Adjust the reference file by moving it to the bottom left corner of the sheet.
- Go back to the **Default** model and **Place** a Named Boundary (by 2 Points) called **2A-3** around the sheet borders under the first sheet. Add to the existing Group called **2A-Series**.



J. In the **Create Drawing** dialog box set the following settings.

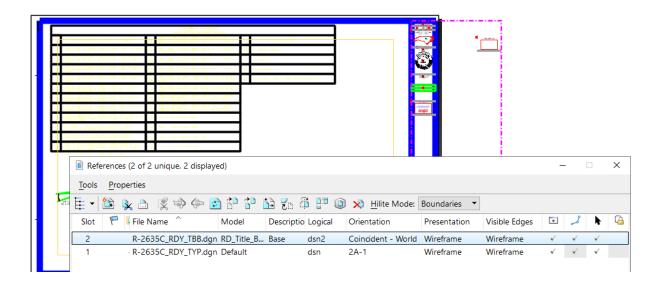
Drawing Seed: None

Create Sheet Model: **Checked** (enabled)
Detail Scale (Paper:Drawing): **Full Size 1 = 1**

Open Model: Checked (enabled)

- K. Adjust the reference file by moving it to the bottom left corner of the sheet.
- L. Reference the file R-2635C_RDY_TBB.dgn (logical name = dsn2) from the Roadway\Sheets folder for sheet 2A-1, 2A-2 and 2A-3 using Coincident World. Also give the logical name of dsn for the refence Default model in each sheet. This will plot the reference files dark black.







3-Series (Summary) Sheets - coming soon

Summary sheets are mostly attached from a completed Excel file. It is embedded onto the Sheet model in a DGN file to maintain its dynamic link to the data. As we develop the example summary sheets in Excel format, we will then finish the documentation for this exercise.

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Module 13 - Sheeting

Pop Quiz

- 1. What is usually contained in the Plan View Drawing Model?
 - A. Match Lines Only
 - B. North Arrow Only
 - C. Match Lines and North Arrow
 - D. None of the above
- 2. How are proposed profiles annotated by the Annotation Groups (not temporary)?
 - A. In the Design Model similar to horizontal alignments.
 - B. In the Drawing Models with grid lines.
 - C. In the Sheet Model.
 - D. It is permanent in the Profile Model View.
- 3. Sheet Index is WorkSet (Project) DGNWS specific and can only be maintained by Roadway Design.
 - A. True
 - B. False
- 4. Design and Drawing Models are always required for labels and to create sheets.
 - A. True
 - B. False
- 5. An opened 3D Model View is required to create cross section drawings and sheets.
 - A. True
 - B. False

Answers on the next page.



Answers:

- 1. C In plan view, only match lines and north arrow are placed in the drawing model.
- 2. B Profiles (vertical alignments) are annotated by the annotation group in the drawing models. Horizontal alignments are mostly annotated in the design model.
- 3. B Sheet index can be accessed by all users who have access to that Project. All users for that Project have read and write access to edit the DGNWS in the WorkSet folder.
- 4. B Design and drawing models are not always necessary to label and create sheets.
- 5. A The 3D Model View must be open to place the XS Named Boundary to create XS drawing and sheets.